

**DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES
AGING AND PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES
OREGON ADMINISTRATIVE RULES**

**CHAPTER 411
DIVISION 54**

RESIDENTIAL CARE AND ASSISTED LIVING FACILITIES

411-054-0000 Purpose

(Adopted 11/1/2007)

The purpose of these rules is to establish standards for assisted living and residential care facilities that promote the availability of a wide range of individualized services for elderly and persons with disabilities, in a homelike environment. The standards are designed to enhance the dignity, independence, individuality and decision making ability of the resident in a safe and secure environment while addressing the needs of the resident in a manner that supports and enables the individual to maximize abilities to function at the highest level possible.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0005 Definitions

(Amended 9/1/2012)

For the purpose of these rules, the following definitions apply:

(1) "Abuse" means abuse as defined in OAR 411-020-0002 (Adult Protective Services).

(2) "Activities of Daily Living (ADL)" mean those personal functional activities required by an individual for continued well being, health, and safety. Activities consist of eating, dressing/grooming, bathing/personal hygiene, mobility (ambulation and transfer), elimination (toileting, bowel, and bladder management), and cognition/behavior.

(3) "Acute Sexual Assault" means any non-consensual or unwanted sexual contact that warrants medical treatment or forensic collection.

(4) "Administrator" means the individual who is designated by the licensee that is responsible for the daily operation and maintenance of the facility as described in OAR 411-054-0065.

(5) "Advance Directive" means a document that contains a health care instruction or a power of attorney for health care.

(6) "Applicant" means the individual, individuals, or entity, required to complete a facility application for license.

(a) Except as set forth in OAR 411-054-0013(1)(b), applicant includes a sole proprietor, each partner in a partnership, and each member with a 10 percent or more ownership interest in a limited liability company, corporation, or entity that:

(A) Owns the residential care or assisted living facility business;
or

(B) Operates the residential care or assisted living facility on behalf of the facility business owner.

(b) Except as set forth in OAR 411-054-0013(1)(b), for those who serve the Medicaid population, applicant includes a sole proprietor, each partner in a partnership, and each member with a 5 percent or more ownership interest in a limited liability company, corporation, or entity that:

(A) Owns the residential care or assisted living facility business;
or

(B) Operates the residential care or assisted living facility on behalf of the facility business owner.

(7) "Area Agency on Aging (AAA)" as defined in ORS 410.040 means the Department designated agency charged with the responsibility to provide a comprehensive and coordinated system of services to seniors or individuals with disabilities in a planning and service area. For the purpose of these rules, the term Area Agency on Aging is inclusive of both Type A and B Area Agencies on Aging that contract with the Department to

perform specific activities in relation to residential care and assisted living facilities including:

- (a) Conducting inspections and investigations regarding protective service, abuse, and neglect;
- (b) Monitoring; and
- (c) Making recommendations to the Department regarding facility license approval, denial, revocation, suspension, non-renewal, and civil penalties.

(8) "Assisted Living Facility (ALF)" means a building, complex, or distinct part thereof, consisting of fully, self-contained, individual living units where six or more seniors and adult individuals with disabilities may reside in homelike surroundings. The assisted living facility offers and coordinates a range of supportive services available on a 24-hour basis to meet the activities of daily living, health, and social needs of the residents as described in these rules. A program approach is used to promote resident self-direction and participation in decisions that emphasize choice, dignity, privacy, individuality, and independence.

(9) "Building Codes" are comprised of the set of specialty codes including the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC), Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code (OMSC), Oregon Electrical Specialty Code (OESC), Oregon Plumbing Specialty Code (OPSC), and their reference codes and standards.

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(910) "Caregiver" means a facility employee who is trained in accordance with OAR 411-054-0070 to provide personal care services to residents. The employee may be either a direct care staff or universal worker as defined in this rule.

(119) "Change in Use" means altering the purpose of an existing room, within the facility, that requires structural changes.

(124) "Change of Condition – Short Term" means a change in the resident's health or functioning that is expected to resolve or be reversed with minimal intervention or is an established, predictable, cyclical pattern associated with a previously diagnosed condition.

| (132) "Change of Condition – Significant" means a major deviation from the most recent evaluation that may affect multiple areas of functioning or health that is not expected to be short term and imposes significant risk to the resident. Examples of significant change of condition include but are not limited to:

- (a) Broken bones;
- (b) Stroke, heart attack, or other acute illness or condition onset;
- (c) Unmanaged high blood sugar levels;
- (d) Uncontrolled pain;
- (e) Fast decline in activities of daily living;
- (f) Significant unplanned weight loss;
- (g) Pattern of refusing to eat;
- (h) Level of consciousness change; and
- (i) Pressure ulcers (stage 2 or greater).

| (143) "Choice" means a resident has viable options that enable the resident to exercise greater control over his or her life. Choice is supported by the provision of sufficient private and common space within the facility that allows residents to select where and how to spend time and receive personal assistance.

| (154) "Condition" means a provision attached to a new or existing license that limits or restricts the scope of the license or imposes additional requirements on the licensee.

| (165) "Department" means the Department of Human Services (DHS). The term "Department" is synonymous with "Division (SPD)".

| (176) "Dignity" means providing support in such a way as to validate the self-worth of the individual. Creating an environment that allows personal

assistance to be provided in privacy supports dignity as does delivering services in a manner that shows courtesy and respect.

| (187) "Direct Care Staff" means a facility employee whose primary responsibility is to provide personal care services to residents. These personal care services may include:

- (a) Medication administration;
- (b) Resident-focused activities;
- (c) Assistance with activities of daily living;
- (d) Supervision and support of residents; and
- (e) Serving meals, but not meal preparation.

| (198) "Directly Supervised" means a qualified staff member maintains visual contact with the supervised staff.

| (2019) "Director" means the Director of the Department's Licensing and Regulatory Oversight, or that individual's designee. The term "Director" is synonymous with "Assistant Director".

| (219) "Disaster" means a sudden emergency occurrence beyond the control of the licensee, whether natural, technological, or manmade that renders the licensee unable to operate the facility or the facility is uninhabitable.

(21) "Disclosure" means the written information the facility is required to provide to consumers to enhance the understanding of facility costs, services, and operations.

(22) "Entity" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation (including associations, joint stock companies, and insurance companies), a state, or a political subdivision or instrumentality, including a municipal corporation, of a state.

(23) "Exception" means a written variance granted by the Department from a regulation or provision of these rules.

(24) "Facility" means the residential care or assisted living facility licensee and the operations, policies, procedures, and employees of the residential care or assisted living facility.

(25) "FPS" means the Facilities Planning and Safety Program within the Public Health Division.

(26) "Homelike Environment" means a living environment that creates an atmosphere supportive of the resident's preferred lifestyle. Homelike environment is also supported by the use of residential building materials and furnishings.

(27) "Incident of Ownership" means an ownership interest, an indirect ownership interest, or a combination of direct and indirect ownership interest.

(28) "Independence" means supporting resident capabilities and facilitating the use of those abilities. Creating barrier free structures and careful use of assistive devices supports independence.

(29) "Indirect Ownership Interest" means an ownership interest in an entity that has an ownership interest in another entity. Indirect ownership interest includes an ownership interest in an entity that has an indirect ownership interest in another entity.

(30) "Individuality" means recognizing variability in residents' needs and preferences and having flexibility to organize services in response to different needs and preferences.

(31) "Licensed Nurse" means an Oregon licensed practical or registered nurse.

(32) "Licensee" means the entity that owns the residential care or assisted living facility business, and to whom an assisted living or residential care facility license has been issued.

(33) "Major Alteration":

(a) Means:

(A) Any structural change to the foundation, floor, roof, exterior or load bearing wall of a building;

(B) The addition of floor area to an existing building; or

(C) The modification of an existing building that results in a change in use where such modification affects resident services or safety.

(b) Does not include cosmetic upgrades to the interior or exterior of an existing building (for example: changes to wall finishes, floor coverings, or casework).

(34) "Managed Risk" means a process by which a resident's high-risk behavior or choices are reviewed with the resident. Alternatives to and consequences of the behavior or choices are explained to the resident and the resident's decision to modify behavior or accept the consequences is documented.

(35) "Management" or "Operator" means possessing the right to exercise operational or management control over, or directly or indirectly conduct, the day-to-day operation of a facility.

(36) "Modified Special Diet" means a diet ordered by a physician or other licensed health care professional that may be required to treat a medical condition (for example: heart disease or diabetes).

(a) Modified special diets include but are not limited to:

(A) Small frequent meals;

(B) No added salt;

(C) Reduced or no added sugar; and

(D) Simple textural modifications.

(b) Medically complex diets are not included.

(37) "New Construction" means:

(a) A new building;

(b) An existing building or part of a building that is not currently licensed;

(c) A major alteration to an existing building; or

(d) Additions, conversions, renovations, or remodeling of existing buildings.

(38) "Nursing Care" means the practice of nursing as governed by ORS chapter 678 and OAR chapter 851.

(39) "Owner" means an individual with an ownership interest.

(40) "Ownership Interest" means the possession of equity in the capital, the stock, or the profits of an entity.

(41) "Personal Incidental Funds (PIF)" means the monthly amount allowed each Medicaid resident for personal incidental needs. For purposes of this definition, personal incidental funds include monthly payments, as allowed, and previously accumulated resident savings.

(42) "Privacy" means a specific area or time over which the resident maintains a large degree of control. Privacy is supported with services that are delivered with respect for the resident's civil rights.

(43) "P.R.N." means those medications and treatments that have been ordered by a qualified practitioner to be administered as needed.

(44) "Psychoactive Medications" mean medications used to alter mood, level of anxiety, behavior, or cognitive processes. Psychoactive medications include antidepressants, anti-psychotics, sedatives, hypnotics, and anti-anxiety medications.

(45) "Remodel" means a renovation or conversion of a building that requires a building permit and meets the criteria for review by the Facilities Planning and Safety Program as described in OAR 333-675-0000.

(46) "Renovate" means to restore to good condition or to repair.

(47) "Resident" means any individual who is receiving room, board, care, and services on a 24-hour basis in a residential care or assisted living facility for compensation.

(48) "Residential Care Facility (RCF)" means a building, complex, or distinct part thereof, consisting of shared or individual living units in a homelike surrounding where six or more seniors and adult individuals with disabilities may reside. The residential care facility offers and coordinates a range of supportive services available on a 24-hour basis to meet the activities of daily living, health, and social needs of the residents as described in these rules. A program approach is used to promote resident self-direction and participation in decisions that emphasize choice, dignity, individuality, and independence.

(49) "Restraint" means any physical device that the resident cannot manipulate that is used to restrict movement or normal access to the resident's body.

(50) "Retaliation" means to threaten or intimidate, or take an action that is detrimental to an individual (for example: harassment, abuse, or coercion).

(51) "Service Plan" means a written, individualized plan for services developed by a service planning team and the resident, or the resident's legal representative, that reflects the resident's capabilities, choices, and if applicable, measurable goals, and managed risk issues. The service plan defines the division of responsibility in the implementation of the services.

(52) "Service Planning Team" means two or more individuals, as set forth in OAR 411-054-0036, that assist the resident in determining what services and care are needed, preferred, and may be provided to the resident.

(53) "Services" mean supervision or assistance provided in support of a resident's needs, preferences, and comfort, including health care and activities of daily living, that help develop, increase, maintain, or maximize the resident's level of independent, psychosocial, and physical functioning.

(54) "Subject Individual" means any individual 16 years of age or older on whom the Department may conduct a background check as defined in OAR 407-007-0210 and from whom the Department may require fingerprints for the purpose of conducting a national background check.

(a) For the purpose of these rules, subject individual includes:

(A) All applicants, licensees, and operators of a residential care or assisted living facility;

(B) All individuals employed or that are receiving training in an assisted living or residential care facility; and

(C) Volunteers, if allowed unsupervised access to residents.

(b) For the purpose of these rules, subject individual does not apply to:

(A) Residents and visitors of residents; or

(B) Individuals that provide services to residents who are employed by a private business that is not regulated by the Department.

(55) "Supportive Device" means a device that may have restraining qualities that supports and improves a resident's physical functioning.

(56) "These Rules" mean the rules in OAR chapter 411, division 054.

(57) "Underserved" means services are significantly unavailable within the service area in a comparable setting for:

(a) The general public; or

(b) A specific population, for example, residents with dementia or traumatic brain injury.

(58) "Unit" means an individual living space constructed as a completely private apartment, including living and sleeping space, kitchen area, bathroom, and adequate storage areas.

(59) "Universal Worker" means a facility employee whose assignments include other tasks (for example: housekeeping, laundry, or food service) in addition to providing direct resident services. Universal worker does not include administrators, clerical or administrative staff, building maintenance staff, or licensed nurses who provide services as specified in OAR 411-054-0034.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

~~**411-054-0008 Licensing Moratorium**~~

~~(Repealed 1/1/2009)~~

~~**411-054-0010 Licensing Standard**~~

~~(Amended 9/1/2012)~~

~~(1) No individual, entity, or governmental unit acting individually or jointly with any other individual, entity, or governmental unit may establish, maintain, conduct, or operate a residential care or assisted living facility, use the term residential care or assisted living facility, or hold itself out as being a residential care or assisted living facility or as providing residential care or assisted living services, without being duly licensed as such.~~

~~(2) Each license to operate a residential care or assisted living facility shall expire two years following the date of issuance unless revoked, suspended, terminated earlier, or issued for a shorter specified period.~~

~~(3) Each residential care and assisted living facility must be licensed, maintained, and operated as a separate and distinct facility.~~

~~(4) A license may not be required for a building, complex, or distinct part thereof, where six or more individuals reside where activities of daily living assistance and health services are not offered or provided by the facility.~~

~~(a) Facility representatives and written materials may not purport that such care and services are offered or provided by the facility.~~

~~(b) Prospective and actual tenants must have no expectations that such care and services are offered or shall be provided by the facility.~~

~~(c) The Department's Director shall determine whether a residential care or assisted living facility license is required in cases where the definition of a facility's operations is in dispute.~~

~~(5) NOT TRANSFERABLE. No residential care or assisted living facility license is transferable or applicable to any location, facility, management agent, or ownership other than that indicated on the application and license.~~

~~(6) SEPARATE BUILDINGS. Separate licenses are not required for separate buildings of the same license type located contiguously and operated as an integrated unit by the same licensee. Distinct staffing plans are required for each building.~~

~~(7) IDENTIFICATION. Every facility must have distinct identification or name and must notify the Department of any intention to change such identification.~~

~~(8) DESCRIPTIVE TITLE. A residential care or assisted living facility licensed by the Department may neither assume a descriptive title nor be held under any descriptive title other than what is permitted within the scope of its license.~~

~~(9) RESIDENT DISPLACEMENT DUE TO REMODELING. The licensee must notify the Department 90 days prior to a remodel or renovation of part of a facility if there shall be a disruption to residents in the facility (for example: residents must be temporarily moved to another room overnight). During a non-emergent remodel, if any residents need to be moved from their rooms, the residents must continue to be housed in another area of the facility and may not be moved to another care setting.~~

~~(a) NON-EMERGENT REMODEL:~~

~~(A) For a non-emergent remodel, the licensee must submit a written proposal for remodeling or renovation to the Department. The proposal must include:~~

~~(i) A specific plan as to where residents shall be housed within the existing facility. For those providers who have~~

~~several buildings on the same campus, a move to a different building of the same license type within the campus setting is allowed, as long as the resident agrees to the move;~~

~~(ii) A specific plan outlining the extended details of the renovation or remodeling; and~~

~~(iii) A timeline for completion of the project. If the project is expected to take longer than three months, the licensee must provide a monthly update to the Department. The maximum time allowed for a renovation or remodel is one year from the date of the Department's approval. The Department may approve renovations that exceed one year.~~

~~(B) The licensee must give the residents written notice 60 days prior to beginning any non-emergent remodel that shall displace the residents. The notice must include:~~

~~(i) Where the residents shall be moved;~~

~~(ii) The approximate length of time of the remodel; and~~

~~(iii) Assurance that the residents shall be able to return to their own rooms when the remodel is completed, if the residents choose to do so.~~

~~(C) The licensee must submit an outline of the work to be completed, construction documents, and any necessary drawings if required by the scope of work, to the Facilities Planning and Safety Program (FPS). FPS has 15 business days for review.~~

~~(D) The licensee must comply with the rules in OAR chapter 333, division 675 (Project Plans and Construction Review) and all other structural requirements when remodeling.~~

~~(E) Nothing in this rule is intended to preclude the Department from taking other regulatory action on a violation of the~~

~~licensing requirements in these rules during the time of remodeling or renovation.~~

~~(b) EMERGENT REMODEL OR CLOSURE.~~

~~(A) When an emergency or disaster requires all residents of a facility or part of a facility to be immediately evacuated while remodeling occurs, the licensee must:~~

~~(i) Provide the Department written details regarding the transfer of residents within two working days of the emergency or disaster;~~

~~(ii) Submit a plan regarding the details for remodel or if necessary, a plan for permanent closure, to the Department within two weeks;~~

~~(iii) Contact FPS to determine if drawings need to be submitted based on the scope of the remodel; and~~

~~(iv) Assure that any residents who were transferred out of the facility shall be moved back to the facility when compliance with all building requirements of these rules is met.~~

~~(B) All residents who have been transferred out of the facility must be notified in writing, at the last address known to the facility, as to when the residents shall be able to return to the facility.~~

~~(C) The facility must ensure the safe transfer of residents from and back to the facility and bear all costs of the moves.~~

~~(D) A refusal by a facility to allow a resident to return after the resident has been transferred out of the facility due to an emergent closure shall be regarded as an involuntary move out:~~

~~(i) For an involuntary move out, the facility must comply with the requirements of OAR 411-054-0080; and~~

~~(ii) The resident shall have all rights provided in OAR 411-054-0080.~~

~~(E) In the event of an emergent closure, the Department may renew the existing license for a period not to exceed two years from the renewal date.~~

~~(10) PERMANENT FACILITY CLOSURE. A facility is considered closed if the licensee is no longer providing services and the residents have moved out or must be moved from the facility.~~

~~(a) The licensee must submit a written proposal for approval to the Department 60 days prior to permanent closure. The proposal must specify the plan for safe transfer of all residents.~~

~~(b) The licensee must notify the residents at least 60 days prior to facility closure.~~

~~(c) If the facility is closed and no residents are in the facility, the facility is considered unlicensed.~~

~~(11) NOTICE OF BANKRUPTCY OR FORECLOSURE. The licensee must notify the Department in writing within 10 days after receipt of any notice of foreclosure or trustee notification of sale with respect to a real estate contract, trust deed, mortgage, or other security interest affecting the property of the licensee, as defined in OAR 411-054-0005. The written notice to the Department must include a copy of the notice provided to the licensee.~~

~~(a) The licensee must update the Department in writing not less often than every 90 days thereafter until the matter is resolved and the default has been resolved and no additional defaults have been declared or actions threatened. The update must include:~~

~~(A) The latest status on what action has been or is about to be taken by the licensee with respect to the notice received;~~

~~(B) What action is being demanded or threatened by the holder of the security interest; and~~

~~(C) Any other information reasonably requested by the Department related to maintaining resident health and safety.~~

~~(b) The licensee must update the Department upon final resolution of the matters leading up to or encompassed by the notice of foreclosure or trustee notification of sale.~~

~~(c) The licensee must notify the Department and all residents of the facility in writing immediately upon:~~

~~(A) The filing of any litigation regarding such security interest, including the filing of a bankruptcy petition by or against the licensee or an entity owning any property occupied or used by the licensee;~~

~~(B) The entry of any judgment with respect to such litigation; or~~

~~(C) The outcome of the judgment or settlement.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0012 Requirements for New Construction or Initial Licensure
(Amended 9/1/2012)

(1) An applicant requesting approval of a potential license for new construction or licensing of an existing building that is not operating as a licensed facility, must ~~request a meeting with~~ communicate with the Department before submitting a letter of intent as described in section (3) of this rule.

(2) Prior to beginning new construction of a building, or purchase of an existing building with intent to request a license, the applicant must provide the following information for consideration by the Department for a potential license:

(a) Demonstrate a past history, if any, of substantial compliance with all applicable state and local laws, rules, codes, ordinances, and permit requirements in Oregon, and the ability to deliver quality services to citizens of Oregon; and

(b) Provide a letter of intent as set forth in section (3) of this rule.

(3) LETTER OF INTENT. Prior to application for a building permit, a prospective applicant, with intent to build or operate a facility, must submit to the Department a letter of intent that includes the following:

(a) Identification of potential applicant;

(b) Identification of the city and street address of the intended facility;

(c) Intended facility type (for example: RCF, ALF, or memory care), the intended number of units, and maximum resident capacity;

(d) Statement of whether the applicant is willing to provide care and services for an underserved population and description of any underserved population the applicant is willing to serve;

(e) Indication of whether the applicant is willing to provide services through the state medical assistance program;

(f) Identification of operations within Oregon or within other states that provide a history of the applicant's ability to serve the intended population; and

(g) An independent market analysis completed by a third party professional that meets the requirements of section (4) of this rule.

(4) MARKET ANALYSIS. The applicant must submit a current market analysis to the Department for review and consideration prior to application for a building permit. A market analysis is not required for change of owner applicants of existing licensed buildings. The market analysis must show the need for the services offered by the license applicant and must include:

(a) Description of the intended population to be served, including underserved populations and those eligible to receive services through the state medical assistance program, as applicable;

(b) A current demographic overview of the area to be served;

(c) A description of the area and regional economy and the effect on the market for the project;

(d) Identification of the number of individuals in the area to be served who are potential residents;

(e) Description of available amenities (for example: transportation, hospital, shopping center, or traffic conditions);

(f) Description of the extent, types, and availability of existing and proposed facilities, as described in ORS 443.400 to 443.455, located in the area to be served; and

(g) The rate of occupancy, including waiting lists, for existing and recently completed developments competing for the same market segment.

(5) The Department shall issue a written decision of a potential license within 60 days of receiving all required information from the applicant.

(a) If the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision of the Department, the applicant may request a contested case hearing in writing within 14 calendar days from the date of the decision.

(b) The contested case hearing shall be in accordance with ORS chapter 183.

(6) Prior to issuing a license, the Department shall consider the applicant's stated intentions and compliance with the requirements of this rule and all structural and other licensing requirements as stated in these rules.

(7) BUILDING DRAWINGS. After the letter of intent has been submitted to the Department, one set of building drawings and specifications must be submitted to FPS and must comply with OAR chapter 333, division 675.

(a) Building drawings must be submitted to FPS:

(A) Prior to beginning construction of any new building;

(B) Prior to beginning construction of any addition to an existing building;

(C) Prior to beginning any remodeling, modification, or conversion of an existing building that requires a building permit; or

(D) Subsequent to application for an initial license of a facility not previously licensed under this rule.

(b) Drawings must comply with the Oregon Structural Specialty Code building codes and Oregon Fire Code as required for the occupancy classification and construction type.

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(c) Drawings must be drawn to a scale of one-fourth inch or one-eighth inch to the foot, and must specify the date when construction, modification, or conversion is expected to be completed.

(d) Construction containing 4,000 square feet or more must be prepared by, and bear the stamp of, an Oregon licensed architect or engineer.

(8) SIXTY-DAYS PRIOR. At least 60 days prior to anticipated licensure the applicant must submit to the Department:

(a) A completed application form with the required fee;

(b) A copy of the facility's written rental agreements;

(c) Disclosure information; and

(d) Facility policies and procedures, ensuring that the facility's administrative, personnel, and resident care operations are conducted in compliance with these rules.

(9) THIRTY-DAYS PRIOR. Thirty days prior to anticipated licensure the applicant must submit:

(a) To the Department, a completed and signed Administrator Reference Sheet that reflects the qualifications and training of the

individual designated as facility administrator and a background check request; and

(b) To FPS, a completed and signed Project Substantial Completion Notice that attests substantial completion of the building project and requests the scheduling of an onsite licensing inspection.

(10) TWO-DAYS PRIOR. At least two working days prior to the scheduled onsite licensing inspection of the facility, the applicant must submit to the Department and FPS a completed and signed Project Completion/Inspection Checklist that confirms the building project is complete and fully in compliance with these rules.

(a) The scheduled, onsite licensing inspection may not be conducted until the Project Completion/Inspection Checklist has been received by both FPS and the Department.

(b) The onsite licensing inspection may be rescheduled at the Department's convenience if the scheduled, onsite licensing inspection reveals that the building is not in compliance with these rules as attested to on the Project Completion/Inspection Checklist.

(11) CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY. The applicant must submit to the Department and FPS, a copy of the Certificate of Occupancy issued by the Building Codes Division, building code agency having jurisdiction for the building codes having jurisdiction, that indicates the intended occupancy classification and construction type.

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(12) CONFIRMATION OF LICENSURE. The applicant, prior to admitting any resident into the facility, must receive a written confirmation of licensure issued by the Department.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

~~411-054-0013 Application for Initial Licensure and License Renewal (Amended 9/1/2012)~~

~~(1) APPLICATION. Applicants for initial licensure and license renewal must complete an application on a form provided by the Department. A licensing~~

~~fee, as described in ORS 443.415, is required and must be submitted according to Department policy.~~

~~(a) The application form must be signed by the applicant's legally authorized representative, dated, and contain all information requested by the Department.~~

~~(b) Applicants must provide all information and documentation as required by the Department including but not limited to identification of financial interest of any individual, including stockholders who have an incident of ownership in the applicant representing an interest of 10 percent or more. For purposes of rule, an individual with a 10 percent or more incident of ownership is presumed to have an effect on the operation of the facility with respect to factors affecting the care or training provided, unless the individual establishes the individual has no involvement in the operation of the facility. For those who serve the Medicaid population, the applicant must identify any individual with a 5 percent or more incident of ownership, regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility.~~

~~(c) If the owner of the facility is a different entity from the operator or management company of the facility, both the operator and the owner must complete an application for licensure. Only one license fee is required.~~

~~(d) The application shall require the identification of any individual with a 10 percent or more incident of ownership that has ever been convicted of a crime associated with the operation of a long-term, community-based, or health care facility or agency under federal law or the laws of any state. For those who serve the Medicaid population, any individual with a 5 percent or more incident of ownership must be identified, regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility.~~

~~(e) The application shall require the identification of all states where the applicant, or individual having a 10 percent or more incident of ownership in the applicant, currently or previously has been licensed as owner or operator of a long-term, community-based, or health care facility or agency under the laws of any state including any facility, currently or previously owned or operated, that had its license denied~~

~~or revoked or received notice of the same under the laws of any state. For those who serve the Medicaid population, all states where the applicant or any individual having a 5 percent or more incident of ownership must be identified, regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility.~~

~~(f) The Department may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew the license if the applicant fails to provide complete and accurate information on the application and the Department concludes that the missing or corrected information is needed to determine if a license shall be granted.~~

~~(g) Each application for a new license must include a completed background check request form for the applicant and for each individual with 10 percent or more incident of ownership in the applicant. For those who serve the Medicaid population, a background check request form is required for the applicant and for each individual with a 5 percent or more incident of ownership, regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility.~~

~~(h) The Department may require financial information as stated in OAR 411-054-0016 (New Applicant Qualifications), when considering an applicant's request for renewal of a license.~~

~~(i) Applicants must provide other information and documentation as the Department may reasonably require for the proper administration of these rules, including but not limited to information about incident of ownership and involvement in the operation of the facility or other business enterprises, as relevant.~~

~~(j) For facilities that serve the Medicaid population and are managed by a Board of Directors, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) require a social security number and date of birth for each board member.~~

~~(2) LICENSE RENEWAL. Application for a license renewal must be made at least 45 days prior to the expiration date of the existing license. Filing of an application for renewal and submission of the required non-refundable fee before the date of expiration extends the effective date of expiration until the Department takes action upon such application.~~

~~(a) The Department shall refuse to renew a license if the facility is not substantially in compliance with all applicable laws and rules or if the State Fire Marshal or authorized representative has given notice of noncompliance.~~

~~(b) An applicant for license renewal must provide the Department with a completed background check request form for the applicant and for each individual with incident of ownership of 10 percent or more in the applicant when required by the Department. For those who serve the Medicaid population, a background check request form is required for the applicant and each individual with a 5 percent or more incident of ownership, regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility.~~

~~(c) A building inspection may be requested at the Department's discretion. The Department may require physical improvements if the health or safety of residents is negatively impacted.~~

~~(3) DEMONSTRATED CAPABILITY.~~

~~(a) Prior to issuance of a license or a license renewal, the applicant must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department that the applicant is capable of providing services in a manner consistent with the requirements of these rules.~~

~~(b) The Department may consider the background and qualifications of any individual with a 10 percent or more incident of ownership in the applicant when determining whether an applicant may be licensed. For those who serve the Medicaid population, the background and qualifications of any individual with a 5 percent or more incident of ownership, regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility, may be considered.~~

~~(c) The Department may consider the applicant's history of compliance with Department rules and orders including the history of compliance of any individual with a 10 percent or more incident of ownership in the applicant. For those who serve the Medicaid population, the history of compliance of the applicant and any individual with a 5 percent or more incident of ownership, regardless~~

of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility, may be considered.

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~411-054-0016 New Applicant Qualifications~~

~~(Amended 9/1/2012)~~

~~For the purpose of this rule, "applicant" means each entity, as defined in OAR 411-054-0005, who holds 10 percent or more incident of ownership in the applicant as described in OAR 411-054-0013(1)(b). For those who serve the Medicaid population, "applicant" means each entity, as defined in OAR 411-054-0005, who holds 5 percent or more incident of ownership regardless of the individual's effect on the operation of the facility. Applicants for licensure (excluding license renewal but including all changes of ownership, management, or operator) must meet the following criteria:~~

~~(1) BACKGROUND CHECK. Each applicant may not have convictions of any of the crimes listed in OAR 407-007-0275 and must complete a background check conducted by the Department in accordance with OAR 407-007-0200 to 407-007-0370.~~

~~(2) PERFORMANCE HISTORY. The Department shall consider an applicant's performance history, including repeat sanctions or rule violations, before issuing a license.~~

~~(a) Each applicant must be free of incident of ownership history in any facility in Oregon that provides or provided (at the time of ownership) care to children, elderly, ill, or individuals with disabilities that had its license or certification involuntarily suspended or voluntarily terminated during any state or federal sanction process during the past five years.~~

~~(b) Applicants must be free of incident of ownership history in any facility in any state that had its license or certification involuntarily suspended or voluntarily terminated during any state or federal sanction process during the past five years.~~

~~(c) Failure to provide accurate information or demonstrate required performance history may result in the Department's denial of a license.~~

~~(3) FINANCIAL HISTORY. Each applicant must:~~

~~(a) Be free of incident of ownership history in any facility or business that failed to reimburse any state for Medicaid overpayments or civil penalties during the past five years.~~

~~(b) Be free of incident of ownership history in any facility or business that failed to compensate employees or pay worker's compensation, food supplies, utilities, or other costs necessary for facility operation during the past five years.~~

~~(c) Submit proof of fiscal responsibility, including an auditor's certified financial statement, and other verifiable documentary evidence of fiscal solvency documenting that the prospective licensee has sufficient resources to operate the facility for 60 days. Proof of fiscal responsibility must include liquid assets sufficient to operate the facility for 45 days. Anticipated Medicaid income is not considered "liquid assets," but may be considered "financial resources." Liquid assets may be demonstrated by:~~

~~(A) An unencumbered line of credit;~~

~~(B) A performance bond; or~~

~~(C) Any other method satisfactory to the Department.~~

~~(d) Provide a pro forma (revenues, expenditures, and resident days) by month for the first 12 months of operation of the facility and demonstrate the ability to cover any cash flow problems identified by the pro forma.~~

~~(4) EXPERIENCE. If an applicant does not have experience in the management of nursing facilities, assisted living, or residential care, the applicant must employ the services of a consultant or management company with experience in the provision of assisted living or residential~~

~~care for a period of at least six months. The consultant and the terms and length of employment are subject to the approval of the Department.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0019 Change of Ownership or Management**~~

~~(Amended 9/1/2012)~~

~~(1) The licensee and the prospective licensee must each notify the Department in writing of a contemplated change in ownership or management entity. The written notification must be received at least 60 days prior to the proposed date of change.~~

~~(a) The prospective licensee or management entity must submit at least 60 days in advance of the proposed date change:~~

~~(A) A completed application form;~~

~~(B) A copy of policies, procedures, rental agreements, service plans, and required disclosure information; and~~

~~(C) A licensing fee, as described in ORS 443.415, submitted according to Department policy.~~

~~(b) The prospective licensee must notify the residents in writing 30 days in advance of a change in ownership or management entity. The notice to residents must include any changes to rates or policies.~~

~~(c) The prospective licensee or operator may not assume possession or control of the facility until the Department has notified the prospective licensee or operator that the license application has been approved.~~

~~(d) The licensee is responsible for the operation of the facility and resident services until a new license is issued to the new owner.~~

~~(2) A building inspection may be requested at the Department's discretion. The Department may require physical improvements if the health or safety of residents is negatively impacted.~~

~~(3) Resident records maintained by the licensee must be turned over to the new owner when the license application is approved and the new licensee assumes possession or control of the facility.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~411-054-0025 Facility Administration~~

~~(Amended 9/1/2012)~~

~~(1) FACILITY OPERATION.~~

~~(a) The licensee is responsible for the operation of the facility and the quality of services rendered in the facility.~~

~~(b) The licensee is responsible for the supervision, training, and overall conduct of staff when acting within the scope of their employment duties.~~

~~(c) The licensee is responsible for obtaining background checks on all subject individuals.~~

~~(A) Background checks must be submitted to the Department for a criminal fitness determination on all subject individuals in accordance with OAR chapter 407-007-0200 to 407-007-0370, including prior to a subject individual's change in position (for example, change from caregiver to med-aide).~~

~~(B) PORTABILITY OF BACKGROUND CHECK APPROVAL. A subject individual may be approved to work in multiple facilities under the same operational entity. The Department's Background Check Request form must be completed by the subject individual to show intent to work at various facilities.~~

~~(d) The licensee is responsible for ensuring that the facility complies with the tuberculosis screening recommendations in OAR 333-019-0041.~~

~~(2) BACKGROUND CHECK REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~(a) On or after July 28, 2009, no individual may be a licensee, or employed in any capacity in a facility, who has been convicted of any of the disqualifying crimes listed in OAR 407-007-0275.~~

~~(b) Subject individuals who are employees and hired prior to July 28, 2009 are exempt from subsection (a) of this section provided that the employee remains in the same position working for the same employer after July 28, 2009. This exemption is not applicable to licensees.~~

~~(3) EMPLOYMENT APPLICATION. An application for employment in any capacity at a facility must include a question asking whether the applicant has been found to have committed abuse. The licensee must check all potential employees against the Oregon State Board of Nursing and inquire whether the individual is licensed or certified by the Board and whether there has been any disciplinary action by the Board against the individual or any substantiated abuse findings against a nursing assistant.~~

~~(4) Reasonable precautions must be exercised against any condition that may threaten the health, safety, or welfare of residents.~~

~~(5) REQUIRED POSTINGS. Required postings must be posted in a routinely accessible and conspicuous location to residents and visitors and must be available for inspection at all times. The licensee is responsible for posting the following:~~

~~(a) Facility license;~~

~~(b) The name of the administrator or designee in charge. The designee in charge must be posted by shift or whenever the administrator is out of the facility;~~

~~(c) The current facility staffing plan;~~

~~(d) A copy of the most recent re-licensure survey, including all revisits and plans of correction as applicable;~~

~~(e) The Ombudsman Notification Poster; and~~

~~(f) Other notices relevant to residents or visitors required by state or federal law.~~

~~(6) NOTIFICATION. The facility must notify the Department's Central Office immediately by telephone, fax, or email, (if telephone communication is used the facility must follow-up within 72 hours by written or electronic confirmation) of the following:~~

~~(a) Any change of the administrator of record;~~

~~(b) Severe interruption of physical plant services in which the health or safety of residents is endangered, such as the provision of heat, light, power, water, or food;~~

~~(c) Occurrence of epidemic disease in the facility. The facility must also notify the Local Public Health Authority as applicable;~~

~~(d) Facility fire or any catastrophic event that requires residents to be evacuated from the facility;~~

~~(e) Unusual resident death or suicide; or~~

~~(f) A resident who has eloped from the facility and has not been found within 24 hours.~~

~~(7) POLICIES AND PROCEDURES. The facility must develop and implement written policies and procedures that promote high quality services, health and safety for residents, and incorporate the community-based care principles of individuality, independence, dignity, privacy, choice, and a homelike environment. The facility must develop and implement:~~

~~(a) A policy on the possession of firearms and ammunition within the facility. The policy must be disclosed in writing and by one other means of communication commonly used by the resident or potential resident in their daily living.~~

~~(b) A written policy that prohibits sexual relations between any facility employee and a resident who did not have a pre-existing relationship.~~

~~(c) Effective methods of responding to and resolving resident complaints.~~

~~(d) All additional requirements for written policies and procedures as established in OAR 411-054-0012 (Requirements for New Construction or Initial Licensure), OAR 411-054-0040 (Change of Condition and Monitoring), OAR 411-054-0045 (Resident Health Services), and OAR 411-054-0085 (Refunds and Financial Management).~~

~~(e) A policy on smoking.~~

~~(A) The smoking policy must be in accordance with:~~

~~(i) The Oregon Indoor Clean Air Act, ORS 433.835 to 433.875;~~

~~(ii) The rules in OAR chapter 333, division 015; and~~

~~(iii) Any other applicable state and local laws.~~

~~(B) The facility may designate itself as non-smoking.~~

~~(f) A policy for the referral of residents who may be victims of acute sexual assault to the nearest trained sexual assault examiner. The policy must include information regarding the collection of medical and forensic evidence that must be obtained within 86 hours of the incident.~~

~~(g) A policy on facility employees not receiving gifts or money from residents.~~

~~(8) RECORDS. The facility must ensure the preparation, completeness, accuracy, and preservation of resident records.~~

~~(a) The facility must develop and implement a written policy that prohibits the falsification of records.~~

~~(b) Resident records must be kept for a minimum of three years after the resident is no longer in the facility.~~

~~(c) Upon closure of a facility, the licensee must provide the Department with written notification of the location of all records.~~

~~(9) QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM. The facility must develop and conduct an ongoing quality improvement program that evaluates services, resident outcomes, and resident satisfaction.~~

~~(10) DISCLOSURE—RESIDENCY AGREEMENT. The facility must provide a Department designated Uniform Disclosure Statement (form SDS 9098A) to each individual who requests information about the facility. The residency agreement and the disclosure information described in subsection (a) of this section must be provided to all potential residents prior to move-in. All disclosure information and residency agreements must be written in compliance with these rules.~~

~~(a) The residency agreement and the following disclosure information must be reviewed by the Department prior to distribution and must include the following:~~

~~(A) Terms of occupancy, including policy on the possession of firearms and ammunition;~~

~~(B) Payment provisions including the basic rental rate and what it includes, cost of additional services, billing method, payment system and due dates, deposits, and non-refundable fees, if applicable;~~

~~(C) The method for evaluating a resident's service needs and assessing the costs for the services provided;~~

~~(D) Policy for increases, additions, or changes to the rate structure. The disclosure must address the minimum requirement of 30 days prior written notice of any facility-wide increases or changes and the requirement for immediate written notice for individual resident rate changes that occur as a result of changes in the service plan;~~

~~(E) Refund and proration conditions;~~

~~(F) A description of the scope of resident services available according to OAR 411-054-0030;~~

~~(G) A description of the service planning process;~~

~~(H) Additional available services;~~

~~(I) The philosophy of how health care and ADL services are provided to the resident;~~

~~(J) Resident rights and responsibilities;~~

~~(K) The facility's system for packaging medications including the option for residents to choose a pharmacy that meets the requirements of ORS 443.437;~~

~~(L) Criteria, actions, circumstances, or conditions that may result in a move-out notification or intra-facility move;~~

~~(M) Resident rights pertaining to notification of involuntary move-out;~~

~~(N) Notice that the Department has the authority to examine resident records as part of the evaluation of the facility; and~~

~~(O) The facility's staffing plan.~~

~~(b) The facility may not include any provision in the residency agreement or disclosure information that is in conflict with these rules and may not ask or require a resident to waive any of the resident's rights or the facility's liability for negligence.~~

~~(c) The facility must retain a copy of the original and any subsequent signed and dated residency agreements and must provide copies to the resident or to the resident's designated representative.~~

~~(d) The facility must give residents 30 days prior written notice of any additions or changes to the residency agreement. Changes to the residency agreement must be faxed or mailed to the Department before distribution.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 181.534, 410.070, 443.004, & 443.450
Stats. Implemented: ORS 181.534, 443.004, 443.400 to 443.455, &
443.991

411-054-0027 Resident Rights and Protections
(Amended 9/1/2012)

~~(1) The facility must implement a residents' Bill of Rights. Each resident or the resident's designated representative must be given a copy of the resident's rights and responsibilities prior to moving into the facility. The Bill of Rights must state that residents have the right:~~

- ~~(a) To be treated with dignity and respect;~~
- ~~(b) To be given informed choice and opportunity to select or refuse service and to accept responsibility for the consequences;~~
- ~~(c) To participate in the development of their initial service plan and any revisions or updates at the time those changes are made;~~
- ~~(d) To receive information about the method for evaluating their service needs and assessing costs for the services provided;~~
- ~~(e) To exercise individual rights that do not infringe upon the rights or safety of others;~~
- ~~(f) To be free from neglect, financial exploitation, verbal, mental, physical, or sexual abuse;~~
- ~~(g) To receive services in a manner that protects privacy and dignity;~~
- ~~(h) To have prompt access to review all of their records and to purchase photocopies. Photocopied records must be promptly provided, but in no case require more than two business days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and holidays);~~
- ~~(i) To have medical and other records kept confidential except as otherwise provided by law;~~

~~(j) To associate and communicate privately with any individual of choice, to send and receive personal mail unopened, and to have reasonable access to the private use of a telephone;~~

~~(k) To be free from physical restraints and inappropriate use of psychoactive medications;~~

~~(l) To manage personal financial affairs unless legally restricted;~~

~~(m) To have access to and participate in social activities;~~

~~(n) To be encouraged and assisted to exercise rights as a citizen;~~

~~(o) To be free of any written contract or agreement language with the facility that purports to waive their rights or the facility's liability for negligence;~~

~~(p) To voice grievances and suggest changes in policies and services to either staff or outside representatives without fear of retaliation;~~

~~(q) To be free of retaliation after they have exercised their rights provided by law or rule;~~

~~(r) To have a safe and homelike environment;~~

~~(s) To be free of discrimination in regard to race, color, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, or religion; and~~

~~(t) To receive proper notification if requested to move out of the facility, and to be required to move out only for reasons stated in OAR 411-054-0080 (Involuntary Move-out Criteria) and have the opportunity for an administrative hearing, if applicable.~~

~~(2) Licensees and facility personnel may not act as a resident's guardian, conservator, trustee, or attorney in fact unless related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the resident as follows: parent, child, brother, sister, grandparent, grandchild, aunt or uncle, or niece or nephew. An owner, administrator, or employee may act as a representative payee for the resident or serve in other roles as provided by law.~~

~~(3) Licensees and facility personnel may not spend resident funds without the resident's consent.~~

~~(a) If the resident is not capable of consenting, the resident's representative must give consent.~~

~~(b) If the resident has no representative and is not capable of consenting, licensees and facility personnel must follow the requirements described in OAR 411-054-0085 and may not spend resident funds for items or services that are not for the exclusive benefit of the resident.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

~~411-054-0028 Abuse Reporting and Investigation~~

~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) The facility must have policies and procedures in place to assure the prevention and appropriate response to any incident. In the case of incidents of abuse, suspected abuse, or injury of unknown cause, policies and procedures must follow the requirements outlined below. In the case of incidents that are not abuse or injuries of unknown cause where abuse has been ruled out, the facility must have policies and procedures in place to respond appropriately, which may include such things as re-assessment, monitoring, or medication review.~~

~~(2) ABUSE REPORTING. Abuse is prohibited. The facility employees, agents and licensee must not permit, aid, or engage in abuse of residents who are under their care.~~

~~(a) STAFF REPORTING. All facility employees are required to immediately report abuse and suspected abuse to the local SPD office, or the local AAA, the facility administrator, or to the facility administrator's designee.~~

~~(b) FACILITY REPORTING. The facility administrator, or designee, must immediately notify the local SPD office, or the local AAA, of any incident of abuse or suspected abuse, including events overheard or witnessed by observation.~~

~~(c) LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. The local law enforcement agency must be called first when the suspected abuse is believed to be a crime (e.g., rape, murder, assault, burglary, kidnapping, theft of controlled substances, etc.).~~

~~(d) INJURY OF UNKNOWN CAUSE. Physical injury of unknown cause must be reported to the local SPD office, or the local AAA, as suspected abuse, unless an immediate facility investigation reasonably concludes and documents that the physical injury is not the result of abuse.~~

~~(3) FACILITY INVESTIGATION. In addition to immediately reporting abuse or suspected abuse to SPD, AAA, or the law enforcement agency, the facility must promptly investigate all reports of abuse and suspected abuse and take measures necessary to protect residents and prevent the reoccurrence of abuse. Investigation of suspected abuse must document:~~

~~(a) Time, date, place and individuals present;~~

~~(b) Description of the event as reported;~~

~~(c) Response of staff at the time of the event;~~

~~(d) Follow-up action; and~~

~~(e) Administrator's review.~~

~~(4) IMMUNITY AND PROHIBITION OF RETALIATION.~~

~~(a) The facility licensee, employees and agents must not retaliate in any way against anyone who participates in the making of an abuse complaint, including but not limited to restricting otherwise lawful access to the facility or to any resident, or if an employee, dismissal or harassment.~~

~~(b) Anyone who, in good faith, reports abuse or suspected abuse shall have immunity from any liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed with respect to the making or content of an abuse complaint.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0030 Resident Services

(Adopted 11/1/2007)

(1) ~~The residential care or assisted living facility must provide a minimum scope of services as follows:~~

~~(a) Three daily nutritious, palatable meals with snacks available seven days a week, in accordance with the recommended dietary allowances found in the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) guidelines, including seasonal fresh fruit and fresh vegetables;~~

~~(A) Modified special diets that are appropriate to residents' needs and choices. The facility must encourage residents' involvement in developing menus.~~

~~(B) Menus must be prepared at least one week in advance, and must be made available to all residents. Meal substitutions must be of similar nutritional value if a resident refuses a food that is served. Residents must be informed in advance of menu changes.~~

~~(C) Food must be prepared and served in accordance with OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).~~

~~(b) Personal and other laundry services;~~

~~(c) A daily program of social and recreational activities that are based upon individual and group interests, physical, mental, and psychosocial needs, and creates opportunities for active participation in the community at large;~~

~~(d) Equipment, supplies and space to meet individual and group activity needs;~~

~~(e) Services to assist the resident in performing all activities of daily living, on a 24-hour basis, including:~~

~~(A) Assistance with mobility, including one-person transfers;~~

~~(B) Assistance with bathing and washing hair;~~

~~(C) Assistance with personal hygiene (e.g., shaving and caring for the mouth);~~

~~(D) Assistance with dressing and undressing;~~

~~(E) Assistance with grooming (e.g., nail care and brushing/combining hair);~~

~~(F) Assistance with eating (e.g., supervision of eating, cueing, or the use of special utensils);~~

~~(G) Assistance with toileting and bowel and bladder management;~~

~~(H) Intermittent cueing, redirecting and environmental cues for cognitively impaired residents; and~~

~~(I) Intermittent intervention, supervision and staff support for residents who exhibit behavioral symptoms.~~

~~(f) Medication administration; and~~

~~(g) Household services essential for the health and comfort of the resident that are based upon the resident's needs and preferences (e.g., floor cleaning, dusting, bed making, etc.)~~

~~(2) The facility must provide or arrange for the following:~~

~~(a) Transportation for medical and social purposes; and~~

~~(b) Ancillary services for medically related care (e.g., physician, pharmacist, therapy, podiatry, barber or beauty services, social or~~

~~recreational opportunities, hospice, and home health) and other services necessary to support the resident.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0034 Resident Move-In and Evaluation**~~

~~(Amended 9/1/2012)~~

~~(1) INITIAL SCREENING AND MOVE-IN.~~

~~(a) The facility must determine whether a potential resident meets the facility's admission requirements.~~

~~(b) Prior to the resident moving in, the facility must conduct an initial screening to determine the prospective resident's service needs and preferences. The screening must determine the ability of the facility to meet the potential resident's needs and preferences while considering the needs of the other residents and the facility's overall service capability.~~

~~(c) Prior to move-in and updated as needed, each resident record must include the following information:~~

~~(A) Prior living arrangements;~~

~~(B) Emergency contacts;~~

~~(C) Service plan involvement—resident, family, and social supports;~~

~~(D) Financial and other legal relationships if applicable, including but not limited to:~~

~~(i) Advance directives;~~

~~(ii) Guardianship;~~

~~(iii) Conservatorship; and~~

~~(iv) Power of attorney.~~

~~(E) Primary language;~~

~~(F) Community connections; and~~

~~(G) Health and social service providers.~~

~~(2) RESIDENT EVALUATION—GENERAL. The resident evaluation is the foundation that a facility uses to develop the service plan and reflects the resident's current health and mental status. The evaluation information may be collected using tools and protocols established by the facility, but must contain the elements stated in this rule.~~

~~(a) Resident evaluations must be performed:~~

~~(A) Before the resident moves into the facility, with updates and changes as appropriate within the first 30 days; and~~

~~(B) At least quarterly, to correspond with the quarterly service plan updates.~~

~~(b) Resident evaluations must be reviewed and updates documented each time a resident has a significant change in condition.~~

~~(c) The resident evaluation must be done in person and the facility must gather data that is relevant to the needs and current condition of the resident.~~

~~(d) Resident evaluations must be documented, dated, and indicate who was involved in the evaluation process.~~

~~(e) Twenty-four months of past evaluations must be kept in the resident's files in an accessible, on-site location.~~

~~(f) The facility administrator is responsible for assuring that only trained and experienced staff perform resident evaluations.~~

~~(3) EVALUATION REQUIREMENTS AT MOVE-IN.~~

~~(a) The resident evaluation must be completed before the resident moves into the facility. This evaluation provides baseline information of the resident's physical and mental condition at move-in.~~

~~(b) If there is an urgent need and the evaluation is not completed prior to move-in, the facility must document the reasons and complete the evaluation within eight hours of move-in.~~

~~(c) The initial evaluation must contain the elements specified in section (5) of this rule, and address sufficient information to develop an initial service plan to meet the resident's needs.~~

~~(d) The initial evaluation must be updated and modified as needed during the 30 days following the resident's move into the facility.~~

~~(e) After the initial 30-day move-in period, the initial evaluation must be retained in the resident's file for 24 months. Future evaluations must be separate and distinct from the initial evaluation.~~

~~(4) QUARTERLY EVALUATION REQUIREMENTS:~~

~~(a) Resident evaluations must be performed quarterly after the resident moves into the facility.~~

~~(b) The quarterly evaluation is the basis of the resident's quarterly service plan.~~

~~(c) The most recent quarterly evaluation, with documented change of condition updates, must be in the resident's current record and available to staff.~~

~~(d) If the evaluation is revised and updated at the quarterly review, changes must be dated and initialed and prior historical information must be maintained.~~

~~(5) The resident evaluation must address the following elements:~~

~~(a) Resident routines and preferences including:~~

~~(A) Customary routines—sleep, dietary, social, and leisure; and~~

~~(B) Spiritual, cultural preferences.~~

~~(b) Physical health status including:~~

~~(A) List of current diagnoses;~~

~~(B) List of medications and PRN use;~~

~~(C) Visits to health practitioners, emergency room, hospital, or nursing facility in the past year; and~~

~~(D) Vital signs if indicated by diagnoses, health problems, or medications.~~

~~(c) Mental health issues including:~~

~~(A) Presence of depression, thought disorders, or behavioral or mood problems;~~

~~(B) History of treatment; and~~

~~(C) Effective non-drug interventions.~~

~~(d) Cognition, including:~~

~~(A) Memory;~~

~~(B) Orientation;~~

~~(C) Confusion; and~~

~~(D) Decision making abilities.~~

~~(e) Communication and sensory including:~~

~~(A) Hearing;~~

~~(B) Vision;~~

~~(C) Speech;~~

~~(D) Assistive devices; and~~

~~(E) Ability to understand and be understood.~~

~~(f) Activities of daily living including:~~

~~(A) Toileting, bowel, and bladder management;~~

~~(B) Dressing, grooming, bathing, and personal hygiene;~~

~~(C) Mobility—ambulation, transfers, and assistive devices; and~~

~~(D) Eating, dental status, and assistive devices.~~

~~(g) Independent activities of daily living including:~~

~~(A) Ability to manage medications;~~

~~(B) Ability to use call system;~~

~~(C) Housework and laundry; and~~

~~(D) Transportation.~~

~~(h) Pain—pharmaceutical and non-pharmaceutical interventions.~~

~~(i) Skin condition.~~

~~(j) Nutrition habits, fluid preferences, and weight if indicated.~~

~~(k) List of treatments—type, frequency, and level of assistance needed.~~

~~(l) Indicators of nursing needs, including potential for delegated nursing tasks.~~

~~(m) Review of risk indicators including:~~

~~(A) Fall risk or history;~~

~~(B) Emergency evacuation ability;~~

~~(C) Complex medication regimen;~~

~~(D) History of dehydration or unexplained weight loss or gain;~~

~~(E) Recent losses;~~

~~(F) Unsuccessful prior placements;~~

~~(G) Elopement risk or history;~~

~~(H) Smoking. The resident's ability to smoke without causing burns or injury to themselves or others or damage to property must be evaluated and addressed in the resident's service plan; and~~

~~(I) Alcohol and drug use. The resident's use of alcohol or the use of drugs not prescribed by a physician must be evaluated and addressed in the resident's service plan;~~

~~(6) If the information has not changed from the previous evaluation period, the information does not need to be repeated. A dated and initialed notation of no changes is sufficient. The prior evaluation must then be kept in the current resident record for reference.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0036 Service Plan – General**~~

~~*(Adopted 11/1/2007)*~~

~~(1) SERVICE PLAN. The service plan must reflect the resident's needs as identified in the evaluation and include resident preferences that support the principles of dignity, privacy, choice, individuality and independence.~~

~~(a) The service plan must be completed:~~

~~(A) Prior to resident move-in, with updates and changes as appropriate within the first 30 days; and~~

~~(B) Following quarterly evaluations:~~

~~(b) The service plan must be readily available to staff and provide clear direction regarding the delivery of services.~~

~~(c) The service plan must include a written description of who will provide the services and what, when, how and how often the services will be provided.~~

~~(d) Changes and entries made to the service plan must be dated and initialed.~~

~~(e) When the resident experiences a significant change of condition the service plan must be reviewed and updated as needed.~~

~~(f) A copy of the service plan, including each update, must be offered to the resident or to the resident's legal representative.~~

~~(g) The facility administrator is responsible for ensuring the implementation of services.~~

~~(2) SERVICE PLAN REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO MOVE-IN.~~

~~(a) Based on the resident evaluation performed prior to move-in, an initial service plan must be developed prior to move-in that reflects the identified needs and preferences of the resident.~~

~~(b) The initial service plan must be reviewed within 30 days of move-in to ensure that any changes made to the plan during the initial 30 days, accurately reflect the resident's needs and preferences.~~

~~(c) Staff must document and date adjustments or changes as applicable.~~

~~(3) QUARTERLY SERVICE PLAN REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~(a) Service plans must be completed quarterly after the resident moves into the facility.~~

~~(b) The quarterly evaluation is the basis of the resident's quarterly service plan.~~

~~(c) If the resident's service plan is revised and updated at the quarterly review, changes must be dated and initialed and prior historical information must be maintained.~~

~~(4) SERVICE PLANNING TEAM. The service plan must be developed by a Service Planning Team that consists of the resident, the resident's legal representative if applicable, any person of the resident's choice, the facility administrator or designee and at least one other staff person who is familiar with, or who will provide services to the resident. Involved family members and case managers must be notified in advance of the service planning meeting.~~

~~(a) As applicable, the Service Planning Team must also include:~~

~~(A) Local SPD or AAA case managers and family members, as available.;~~

~~(B) A licensed nurse if the resident will be, or is, receiving nursing services or experiences a significant change of condition as required in 411-054-0045(1)(f)(D) (Resident Health Services); and~~

~~(C) The resident's physician or other health practitioner.~~

~~(b) Each resident must actively participate in the development of the service plan to the extent of the resident's ability and willingness to do so. If resident participation is not possible, documentation must reflect the facility's attempts to determine the resident's preferences.~~

~~(5) MANAGED RISK. When a resident's actions or choices pose a potential risk to that resident's health or well-being, the facility may utilize a managed risk agreement to explore alternatives and potential consequences with the resident.~~

~~(a) The facility must identify the need for and develop a written managed risk plan following the facility's established guidelines and procedures. A managed risk plan must include:~~

~~(A) An explanation of the cause(s) of concern;~~

~~(B) The possible negative consequences to the resident or others;~~

~~(C) A description of the resident's preference(s);~~

~~(D) Possible alternatives or interventions to minimize the potential risks associated with the resident's current preferences and actions;~~

~~(E) A description of the services the facility will provide to accommodate the resident's choice or minimize the potential risk; and~~

~~(F) The final agreement, if any, reached by all involved parties, must be included in the service plan.~~

~~(b) The facility will involve the resident, the resident's designated representative and others as indicated, to develop, implement and review the managed risk plan. The resident's preferences will take precedence over those of a family member(s).~~

~~(c) A managed risk plan will not be entered into or continued with or on behalf of a resident who is unable to recognize the consequences of their behavior or choices.~~

~~(d) The managed risk plan must be reviewed at least quarterly.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~411-054-0040 Change of Condition and Monitoring~~

~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) CHANGE OF CONDITION. These rules define a resident's change of condition as either short term or significant with the following meanings:~~

~~(a) Short term change of condition means a change in the resident's health or functioning that is expected to resolve or be reversed with minimal intervention or is an established, predictable, cyclical pattern associated with a previously diagnosed condition.~~

~~(b) Significant change of condition means a major deviation from the most recent evaluation that may affect multiple areas of functioning or health that is not expected to be short term and imposes significant risk to the resident.~~

~~(c) If a resident experiences a significant change of condition that is a major deviation in the resident's health or functional abilities, the facility must evaluate the resident, refer to the facility nurse, document the change, and update the service plan as needed.~~

~~(d) If a resident experiences a short term change of condition that is expected to resolve or reverse with minimal intervention, the facility must determine and document what action or intervention is needed for the resident.~~

~~(A) The determined action or intervention must be communicated to staff on each shift.~~

~~(B) The documentation of staff instructions or interventions must be resident specific and made part of the resident record with weekly progress noted until the condition resolves.~~

~~(2) MONITORING. The facility must have written policies to ensure a resident monitoring and reporting system is implemented 24 hours a day. The policies must specify staff responsibilities and identify criteria for notifying the administrator, registered nurse, or healthcare provider. The facility must:~~

~~(a) Monitor each resident consistent with his or her evaluated needs and service plan;~~

~~(b) Train staff to identify changes in the resident's physical, emotional and mental functioning and document and report on the resident's changes of condition;~~

~~(c) Have a reporting protocol with access to a designated staff person, 24 hours a day, seven days a week, who can determine if a change in the resident's condition requires further action; and~~

~~(d) Provide written communication of a resident's change of condition, and any required interventions, for caregivers on each shift.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

~~411-054-0045 Resident Health Services~~

~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) RESIDENT HEALTH SERVICES. The facility must provide health services and have systems in place to respond to the 24-hour care needs of residents. The system must:~~

~~(a) Include written policies and procedures on medical emergency response for all shifts.~~

~~(b) Include an Oregon licensed nurse(s) who is regularly scheduled for onsite duties at the facility and who is available for phone consultation.~~

~~(c) Assure an adequate number of nursing hours relevant to the census and acuity of the resident population.~~

~~(d) Ensure that the facility's licensed nurse is notified of nursing needs as identified in OAR 411-054-0034 (Resident Move-In and Evaluation) or OAR 411-054-0036 (Service Plan—General).~~

~~(e) Define the duties, responsibilities and limitations of the facility nurse in policy and procedures, admission, and disclosure material.~~

~~(f) Licensed nurses must deliver the following nursing services:~~

~~(A) Registered nurse (RN) assessment in accordance with facility policy and resident condition. At minimum the RN must assess all residents with a significant change of condition. The assessment may be a full or problem focused assessment as determined by the RN. A chart review or phone consultation may be performed as part of this assessment. The RN must document findings, resident status, and interventions made as a result of this assessment. The assessment must be timely, but is not required prior to emergency response in acute situations.~~

~~(B) Delegation and Teaching. Delegation and teaching must be provided and documented by a RN in accordance with the Oregon Administrative Rules adopted by the Oregon State Board of Nursing in chapter 851, division 047.~~

~~(C) Monitoring of Resident Condition. The facility must specify the role of the licensed nurse in the facility's monitoring and reporting system.~~

~~(D) Participation on Service Planning Team. If the resident experiences a significant change of condition and the service plan is updated, the licensed nurse must participate on the Service Planning Team, or must review the service plan with date and signature within 48 hours.~~

~~(E) Health Care Teaching and Counseling. A licensed nurse must provide individual and group education activities as required by individual service plans and facility policies.~~

~~(F) Intermittent Direct Nursing Services. If a resident requires nursing services that are not available through hospice, home health, a third party referral, or the task cannot be delegated to facility staff, the facility must arrange to have such services provided on an intermittent or temporary basis. Such services may be of a temporary nature as defined in facility policy, admission agreements and disclosure information.~~

~~(2) ON-SITE AND OFF-SITE HEALTH SERVICES. The facility must assist residents in accessing health care services and benefits to which they are entitled from outside providers. When benefits are no longer available, or if the resident is not eligible for benefits, the facility must provide or coordinate the required services, as defined in facility disclosure information, for residents whose health status is stable and predictable.~~

~~(a) On-site Health Services. The facility must coordinate on-site health services with outside service providers such as hospice, home health, or other privately paid supplemental health care providers, etc.~~

~~(A) The facility management or licensed nurse must be notified of the services provided by the outside provider to ensure that staff are informed of new interventions, and that the service plan is adjusted if necessary, and reporting protocols are in place.~~

~~(B) The facility nurse must review the resident's health-related service plan changes made as a result of the provision of on-site health services noted in section (2)(a)(A) of this rule.~~

~~(C) The facility must have policies to ensure that outside service providers leave written information in the facility that addresses the on-site services being provided to the resident and any clinical information necessary for facility staff to provide supplemental care.~~

~~(b) Off-site Health Services. The facility must coordinate off-site health services for residents who cannot or choose not to self-manage their health services.~~

~~(A) The facility must assist the resident by coordinating appointments, with outside providers, that are necessary to support the resident's health needs.~~

~~(B) Transportation for medical purposes must be arranged or provided for by the facility.~~

~~(C) Following a resident's visit to an outside medical provider, if information is obtained from said provider, it must be included in the resident's record. Adjustments to the resident's services and service plan must be made as applicable.~~

~~(D) The facility must provide relevant information to the off-site provider and must have a protocol to facilitate the receipt of information from the provider.~~

~~(c) The facility is exempt from the coordination of outside health services for residents who are capable and choose to independently arrange and manage their health care needs.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

~~411-054-0055 Medications and Treatments~~

~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) MEDICATION AND TREATMENT ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS. The facility must have safe medication and treatment administration systems in place that are approved by a pharmacist consultant, registered nurse, or physician.~~

~~(a) The administrator is responsible for ensuring adequate professional oversight of the medication and treatment administration system.~~

~~(b) Medications administered by the facility must be set up or poured and documented by the same person who administers the medications.~~

~~(c) The staff person who administers the medication must visually observe the resident take (e.g., ingest, inhale, apply, etc.) the medication unless the prescriber's order for that specific medication states otherwise.~~

~~(d) Medications must be kept secure between set up and administration of medications.~~

~~(e) The facility must have a system approved by a pharmacist consultant or registered nurse for tracking controlled substances and for disposal of all unused, outdated or discontinued medications administered by the facility.~~

~~(f) Medication and treatment orders must be carried out as prescribed.~~

~~(g) Written, signed physician or other legally recognized practitioner orders must be documented in the resident's facility record for all medications and treatments that the facility is responsible to administer.~~

~~(h) Only a physician or other legally recognized prescribing practitioner is authorized to make changes in a medication or treatment order.~~

~~(i) A registered pharmacist or registered nurse must review all medications and treatments administered by the facility to a resident at least every ninety days. The facility must provide documentation related to the recommendations made by the reviewer.~~

~~(j) The resident or the person legally authorized to make health care decisions for the resident has the right to consent to, or refuse, medications and treatments.~~

~~(k) The physician/practitioner must be notified if a resident refuses consent to an order. Subsequent refusals to consent to an order will be reported as requested by the prescriber.~~

~~(2) MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION. An accurate Medication Administration Record (MAR) must be kept of all medications, including over-the-counter medications that are ordered by a legally recognized prescriber and are administered by the facility.~~

~~(a) Documentation of the MAR must be completed using one of the following processes. An alternative process may be used only with a written exception from SPD.~~

~~(A) The MAR may be signed as the medications are set up or poured. Medications must not be set up in advance for more than one administration time. If a medicine cup or other individual container is used to set up the medications, it must be placed in a closed compartment labeled with the resident's name. Changes to the MAR that occur after the medication is delivered, must be documented by the same staff person who administered the medication; or~~

~~(B) The facility may choose to sign the MAR after the medication is administered to a specific resident and prior to the next resident-specific medication or treatment.~~

~~(b) MEDICATION RECORD. At minimum, the medication record for each resident that the facility administers medications to, must include:~~

~~(A) Current month, day and year;~~

~~(B) Name of medication(s), reason for use, dosage, route and date/time given;~~

~~(C) Any medication specific instructions, if applicable (e.g., significant side effects, time sensitive dosage, when to call the prescriber or nurse);~~

~~(D) Resident allergies and sensitivities, if any;~~

~~(E) Resident specific parameters and instructions for p.r.n. medications; and~~

~~(F) Initials of the person administering the medication.~~

~~(3) TREATMENT ADMINISTRATION.~~

~~(a) An accurate treatment record for each resident must be kept of all treatments ordered by a legally recognized practitioner and administered by the facility to that resident.~~

~~(b) The treatment record must include:~~

~~(A) Current month, day and year;~~

~~(B) Type of treatment (e.g., dressing change, ointment application etc.), treatment instructions and if applicable, significant side effects or when to call the prescriber or nurse;~~

~~(C) Date and time administered;~~

~~(D) Resident allergies and sensitivities, applicable to treatments;~~

~~(E) Instructions for p.r.n. treatments, including resident specific parameters;~~

~~(F) Initials of person administering the treatments; and~~

~~(G) Any deviation from instructions or refusal of treatment must be documented.~~

~~(4) MEDICATION AND TREATMENT—GENERAL. The facility must maintain legible signatures of staff that administer medications and treatments, either on the MAR or on a separate signature page, filed with the MAR.~~

~~(a) If the facility administers or assists a resident with medication, all medication obtained through a pharmacy must be clearly labeled with the pharmacist's label, in the original container, in accordance with the facility's established medication delivery system.~~

~~(b) Over the counter medication or samples of medications must have the original manufacturer's label(s) if the facility administers or assists a resident with medication.~~

~~(c) All medications administered by the facility must be stored in a locked container(s) in a secured environment such as a medication room or medication cart.~~

~~(d) Medications that have to be refrigerated must be stored at the appropriate temperature in a locked, secure location.~~

~~(e) Order changes obtained by telephone must be documented in the resident's record and the MAR must be updated prior to administering the new medication stated on the order. Telephone orders must be followed up with written, signed orders.~~

~~(f) The facility must not require residents to purchase prescriptions from a pharmacy that contracts with the facility.~~

~~(5) SELF ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION:~~

~~(a) Residents who choose to self-administer their medications must be evaluated upon move-in and at least quarterly thereafter, to assure ability to safely self-administer medications.~~

~~(b) Residents must have a physician's or other legally recognized practitioner's written order of approval for self-administration of prescription medications.~~

~~(c) Residents able to administer their own medication regimen may keep prescription medications in their unit.~~

~~(d) If more than one resident resides in the unit, an evaluation must be made of each person and the resident's ability to safely have medications in the unit. If safety is a factor, the medications must be kept in a locked container in the unit.~~

~~(e) Unless contraindicated by a physician or resident evaluation, residents may keep and use over-the-counter medications in their unit without a written order.~~

~~(6) PSYCHOACTIVE MEDICATION. Psychoactive medications may be used only pursuant to a prescription that specifies the circumstances, dosage and duration of use.~~

~~(a) Facility administered psychoactive medication(s) will be used only when required to treat a resident's medical symptoms or to maximize a resident's functioning.~~

~~(b) The facility must not request psychoactive medication to treat a resident's behavioral symptoms without a consultation from a physician, nurse practitioner, registered nurse or mental health professional.~~

~~(c) Prior to administering any psychoactive medication(s) to treat a resident's behavior, all caregivers administering medications for the resident must know:~~

~~(A) The specific reasons for the use of the psychoactive medication for that resident;~~

~~(B) The common side effects of the medication(s); and~~

~~(C) When to contact a health professional regarding side effects.~~

~~(d) Medications that are administered p.r.n. that are given to treat a resident's behavior must have written, resident-specific parameters.~~

~~(A) These p.r.n. medication(s) may be used only after documented; non-pharmacological interventions have been tried with ineffective results.~~

~~(B) All caregivers must have knowledge of non-pharmacological interventions.~~

~~(e) Psychoactive medications must not be given to discipline a resident, or for the convenience of the facility.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0060 Restraints and Supportive Devices

(Adopted 11/1/2007)

Residential care and assisted living facilities are intended to be restraint free environments.

~~(1) Restraints are not permitted except when a resident's actions present an imminent danger to self or others and only until immediate action is taken by medical, emergency, or police personnel.~~

~~(2) Supportive devices with restraining qualities are permitted under the following documented circumstances:~~

~~(a) The resident specifically requests or approves of the device and the facility has informed the individual of the risks and benefits associated with the device; and~~

~~(b) The facility registered nurse, a physical therapist or occupational therapist has conducted a thorough assessment; and~~

~~(c) The facility has documented other less restrictive alternatives evaluated prior to the use of the device; and~~

~~(d) The facility has instructed caregivers on the correct use and precautions related to use of the device.~~

~~(3) Supportive devices with restraining qualities may be utilized for residents who are unable to evaluate the risks and benefits of the device when sections (2)(b), (2)(c) and (2)(d) have been met.~~

~~(4) Documentation of the use of supportive devices with restraining qualities must be included in the resident service plan and evaluated on a quarterly basis.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0065 Administrator Qualifications and Requirements**~~

~~*(Amended 7/1/2010)*~~

~~(1) FULL-TIME ADMINISTRATOR. Each licensed residential care and assisted living facility must employ a full-time administrator. The administrator must be scheduled to be on-site in the facility at least 40 hours per week.~~

~~(2) ADMINISTRATOR QUALIFICATIONS. The administrator must:~~

~~(a) Be at least 21 years of age;~~

~~(b) Possess a high school diploma or equivalent; and~~

~~(A) Have at least two years professional or management experience that has occurred within the last five years, in a health or social service related field or program, or have a combination of experience and education; or~~

~~(B) Possess an accredited Bachelors Degree in a health or social service related field.~~

~~(3) ADMINISTRATOR REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~(a) Facility administrators must meet the following training requirements prior to employment:~~

~~(A) Complete a Division approved classroom administrator training program of at least 40 hours;~~

~~(B) Complete a Division approved administrator training program that includes both a classroom training of less than 40 hours and a Division approved 40-hour internship program with a Division approved administrator; or~~

~~(C) Complete another Division approved administrator training program.~~

~~(b) CONTINUING EDUCATION. Administrators must have 20 hours of documented Division approved continuing education credits each year. The approved administrator training program fulfills the 20-hour continuing education requirement for the first year.~~

~~(c) Persons who have met Division approved training program requirements but have been absent from an administrator position for five years or less, do not have to re-take the administrator training but must provide evidence of 20 hours of continuing education annually.~~

~~(d) Prior to employment as administrator of a facility, persons must complete the criminal records check requirements of OAR 407-007-0200 to 407-007-0370 and comply with the tuberculosis screening recommendations in OAR 333-019-0041. An administrator of a facility may not have convictions of any of the crimes described in OAR 407-007-0275.~~

~~(e) ADMINISTRATOR REFERENCE SUMMARY. Newly hired administrators are responsible for the completion of form SDS 0566, Administrator Reference Summary, and are required to fax the completed form to the Division upon hire. The Division may reject a form that has been falsified or is incomplete.~~

~~(f) DESIGNEE. The administrator must appoint a staff member as designee to oversee the operation of the facility in the administrator's absence. The administrator or a designee must be in charge on site at all times and ensure there are sufficient, qualified staff and that the care, health, and safety needs of the residents are met at all times.~~

~~(4) ADMINISTRATOR TRAINING COURSE STANDARDS:~~

~~(a) The training curriculum for the administrator training must be approved by the Division and shall be re-evaluated by the Division at periodic intervals.~~

~~(b) Individuals, companies, or organizations providing the administrator training course must be approved by the Division. The Division may withdraw approval under the following conditions:~~

~~(A) Failure to follow Division approved curriculum;~~

~~(B) The trainer demonstrates lack of competency in training;~~

~~(C) There is insufficient frequency of training to meet the need;
or~~

~~(D) Facilities owned or operated by the training entity have a pattern of substantial non-compliance with these rules.~~

~~(c) Approved training must be open and available to all applicants and may not be used to orient trainees to a specific company's management or operating procedures.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0070 Staffing Requirements and Training**~~

~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) STAFFING REQUIREMENTS. Facilities must have qualified awake caregivers, sufficient in number, to meet the 24-hour scheduled and unscheduled needs of each resident. Caregivers provide services for residents that include assistance with activities of daily living, medication administration, resident focused activities, supervision, and support.~~

~~(a) If a facility employs universal workers whose duties include other tasks (e.g., housekeeping, laundry, food service, etc.), in addition to direct resident care, staffing must be increased to maintain adequate resident care and services.~~

~~(b) Prior to providing care and services to residents, caregivers must be trained as required in sections (2) and (3) of this rule.~~

~~(c) The following facility employees are ancillary to the caregiver requirements in this section:~~

~~(A) Individuals whose duties are exclusively housekeeping, building maintenance, clerical/administrative or food preparation;~~

~~(B) Licensed nurses who provide services as specified in OAR 411-054-0045 (Resident Health Services); and~~

~~(C) Administrators.~~

~~(d) SPD retains the right to require minimum staffing standards based on acuity, complaint investigation or survey inspection.~~

~~(e) Based on resident acuity and facility structural design there must be adequate caregivers present at all times, to meet the fire safety evacuation standards as required by the fire authority or SPD.~~

~~(f) The licensee is responsible for assuring that staffing is increased to compensate for the evaluated care and service needs of residents at move-in and for the changing physical or mental needs of the residents.~~

~~(g) A minimum of two caregivers must be scheduled and available at all times whenever a resident requires the assistance of two caregivers for scheduled and unscheduled needs.~~

~~(h) In facilities where residents are housed in two or more detached buildings, or if a building has distinct and segregated areas, a designated caregiver must be awake and available in each building and each segregated area at all times.~~

~~(i) Facilities must have a written, defined system to determine appropriate numbers of caregivers and general staffing based on resident acuity and service needs. Such systems may be either manual or electronic.~~

~~——(A) Guidelines for systems must also consider physical elements of a building, use of technology if applicable and staff experience.~~

~~——(B) Facilities must be able to demonstrate how their staffing system works.~~

~~(2) TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.~~

~~(a) EMPLOYEE PRE-SERVICE ORIENTATION. Prior to beginning their job responsibilities all employees must complete an orientation that includes:~~

~~(A) Residents' rights and the values of community-based care;~~

~~(B) Abuse and reporting requirements;~~

~~(C) Standard precautions for infection control; and~~

~~(D) Fire safety and emergency procedures.~~

~~(b) If the staff member's duties include preparing food, they must have a food handler's certificate.~~

~~(c) All staff must receive a written description of their job responsibilities.~~

~~(3) CAREGIVER REQUIREMENTS AND TRAINING.~~

~~(a) The facility must have a training program that has a method to determine performance capability through a demonstration and evaluation process.~~

~~(b) The facility is responsible to assure that caregivers have demonstrated satisfactory performance in any duty they are assigned. Knowledge and performance must be demonstrated in all areas within the first 30 days of hire, including, but not limited to:~~

~~(A) The role of service plans in providing individualized resident care;~~

~~(B) Providing assistance with the activities of daily living;~~

~~(C) Changes associated with normal aging;~~

~~(D) Identification of changes in the resident's physical, emotional and mental functioning and documentation and reporting on the resident's changes of condition;~~

~~(E) Conditions that require assessment, treatment, observation and reporting;~~

~~(F) Understanding resident actions and behavior as a form of communication;~~

~~(G) Understanding and providing support for a person with dementia or related condition;~~

~~(H) General food safety, serving and sanitation; and~~

~~(I) If the caregiver's duties include the administration of medication or treatments, appropriate facility staff, in accordance with OAR 411-054-0055 (Medications and Treatments) must document that they have observed and evaluated the individual's ability to perform safe medication and treatment administration unsupervised.~~

~~(c) Prior to providing personal care services for resident, caregivers must receive an orientation to the resident, including the resident's service plan. Staff members must be directly supervised by a qualified person until they have successfully demonstrated satisfactory performance in any task assigned and the provision of individualized resident services, as applicable.~~

~~(d) Documentation must be maintained regarding training and demonstrated ability.~~

~~(e) All direct caregivers must complete and document a minimum of 12 hours of in-service training annually on topics related to the provision of care for persons in a community-based care setting, including training on chronic diseases in the facility population.~~

~~(f) Staff under 18 years of age must not perform medication administration or delegated nursing tasks. Staff under the age of 18 must be directly supervised when providing bathing, toileting, incontinence care or transferring services.~~

~~(g) Staff must be trained in the use of the abdominal thrust and First Aid. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) training is recommended, but not required.~~

~~(h) Staff must have sufficient communication and language skills to enable them to perform their duties and communicate with residents, other staff, family members, health care professionals, etc., as needed.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0080 Involuntary Move-out Criteria

(Adopted 11/1/2007)

The Department of Human Services, Seniors and People with Disabilities Division encourages facilities to support a resident's choice to remain in his or her living environment while recognizing that some residents may no longer be appropriate for the community-based care setting due to safety and medical limitations.

(1) Information must be specified in the facility's disclosure information that describes the types of health, nursing, behavior and care services the facility is unable to provide. The minimum required services identified in OAR 411-054-0030 (Resident Services) must be provided before a resident can be asked to move out. In addition, facilities that are indorsed under OAR chapter 411, division 057 (Indorsement of Alzheimer's Care Units) must provide services to support residents with the progressive symptoms of the disease.

(2) The facility must give written notification on form number SDS 0567 to the resident, the resident's legal representative and case manager, if applicable, when the facility requests a resident to move from the facility. The resident must be given 30 days advance written notice to move from the facility unless criteria in section (6) of this rule are met.

(3) The facility must demonstrate through service plan modification and documentation, attempts to resolve the reason for the move out.

(4) A resident may be asked to move from a facility if one or more of the following circumstances exists:

(a) The resident's needs exceed the level of ADL services the facility provides as specified in the facility's disclosure information;

(b) The resident engages in behavior or actions that repeatedly and substantially interferes with the rights, health, or safety of residents or others;

~~(c) The resident has a medical or nursing condition that is complex, unstable or unpredictable and exceeds the level of health services the facility provides as specified in the facility's disclosure information;~~

~~(d) The facility is unable to accomplish resident evacuation in accordance with OAR 411-054-0090 (Fire and Life Safety);~~

~~(e) The resident exhibits behavior that poses a danger to self or others;~~

~~(f) The resident engages in illegal drug use, or commits a criminal act that causes potential harm to the resident or others; or~~

~~(g) Non-payment of charges.~~

~~(5) The facility must fax a copy of the move-out notice to SPD's central office in Salem. Where a resident lacks capacity and there is no legal representative, a copy of the notice to move-out must be faxed to the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman who may request an informal conference and administrative hearing for the resident.~~

~~(6) LESS THAN 30-DAY NOTICE. The resident must be given 30 days advance written notice before being moved from the facility, except in the following unusual circumstances:~~

~~(a) A resident who leaves the facility to receive urgent medical or psychiatric care may return to the facility unless, at the time the resident is to return, facility staff have re-evaluated the resident's needs and have determined that the resident's needs cannot be met at the facility.~~

~~(A) An appropriate facility staff person must re-evaluate the resident's condition prior to determining that the facility cannot meet the resident's needs.~~

~~(B) A written notice on form number SDS 0568 must be given to the resident or the resident's legal representative on the date the facility makes its determination. The written notice will contain the specific reasons the facility is unable to meet the resident's needs, as determined by the facility's evaluation.~~

~~(C) If the resident or resident's designee requests an administrative hearing, the facility must hold the resident's room or unit and may charge room and board payment pending resolution of the administrative hearing.~~

~~(b) If the health or safety of the resident or others is in jeopardy and undue delay in moving the resident increases the risk of harm, the facility may give less than 30 days advance written notice on form number SDS 0568.~~

~~(A) SPD's central office in Salem must be consulted and alternatives reviewed prior to the resident receiving this notice.~~

~~(B) The resident is entitled to request an administrative hearing, as stated in section (7) of this rule.~~

~~(C) If the resident is moved out of the facility and requests an administrative hearing; the facility must hold the resident's room, without charge for room and board or services, pending resolution of the administrative hearing.~~

~~(c) The facility must fax a copy of the move-out notice to SPD's central office in Salem and the State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Office on the same day the notice is delivered to the resident or the resident's legal representative.~~

~~(7) ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING. Except when a facility has had its license revoked, not renewed, voluntarily surrendered, or terminates its Medicaid contract, a resident who receives an involuntary move-out notice is entitled to an administrative hearing, provided the resident or resident's designee requests a hearing in a timely manner.~~

~~(a) A resident who receives a 30-day notice to move has ten working days to request an administrative hearing after receipt of the notice. SPD's central office in Salem must be notified of all hearing requests.~~

~~(b) SPD's central office in Salem will notify the Office of Administrative Hearings of the resident's request for a formal administrative hearing.~~

~~(c) SPD may hold an informal conference to resolve the matter without a formal hearing. If a resolution is reached at the informal conference, no formal hearing will be held.~~

~~(d) A resident who is not allowed to return to the facility after receiving medical or psychiatric care, or who is immediately moved out of the facility to protect the health or safety of the resident or others, as specified in section (6) of this rule, has five working days to request an administrative hearing after receiving the move-out notice.~~

~~(A) SPD's central office in Salem must be notified by telephone or fax of a resident's request for hearing.~~

~~(B) When the resident is not allowed to remain in the facility, SPD's central office in Salem will request an expedited administrative hearing.~~

~~(e) The facility may not rent the resident's unit pending resolution of the administrative hearing.~~

~~(8) A resident who was admitted January 1, 2006 or later may be moved without advance notice if all of the following are met:~~

~~(a) The facility was not notified prior to admission that the resident is on probation, parole or post-prison supervision after being convicted of a sex crime; and~~

~~(b) The facility learns that the resident is on probation, parole or post-prison supervision after being convicted of a sex crime; and~~

~~(c) The resident presents a current risk of harm to another resident, staff or visitor in the facility, as evidenced by:~~

~~(A) Current or recent sexual inappropriateness, aggressive behavior of a sexual nature or verbal threats of a sexual nature; or~~

~~(B) Current communication from the State Board of Parole and Post-Prison Supervision, Department of Corrections or~~

~~community corrections agency parole or probation officer that the individual's Static 99 score or other assessment indicates a probable sexual re-offense risk to others in the facility.~~

~~(d) Prior to the move, the facility must contact SPD's central office in Salem by telephone and review the criteria in sections (8)(c)(A) and (B) of this rule. SPD will respond within one working day of contact by the facility. The Department of Corrections parole or probation officer must be included in the review, if available. SPD will advise the facility if rule criteria for immediate move-out are not met. DHS will assist in locating placement options.~~

~~(e) A written move-out notice must be completed on form number SDS 0568A. The form must be filled out in its entirety and a copy of the notice delivered in person, to the resident, or the resident's legal representative, if applicable. Where a person lacks capacity and there is no legal representative, a copy of the notice to move-out must be immediately faxed to the State Long Term Care Ombudsman.~~

~~(f) Prior to the move, the facility must orally review the notice and right to object with the resident or legal representative and determine if a hearing is requested. A request for hearing does not delay the involuntary move-out. The facility will immediately telephone SPD's central office in Salem when a hearing is requested. The hearing will be held within five business days of the resident's move. No informal conference will be held prior to the hearing.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0085 Refunds and Financial Management**~~

~~*(Amended 9/1/2012)*~~

~~(1) RESIDENT DEATH. If a resident dies, the licensee may not require payment for more than 15 days, or the time specified in the admission agreement, whichever is less, after the date of the resident's death.~~

~~(2) RESIDENT UNABLE TO RETURN. If a resident must leave the facility for medical reasons and the resident or the resident's representative indicates the intent not to return, the facility may not charge the resident for~~

~~more than 15 days after the date notification is received from the resident or the resident's representative, or the time specified in the admission agreement, whichever is less.~~

~~(a) If the resident's personal belongings are not removed from the facility within the 15-day timeframe, the facility may charge the resident as specified in the admission agreement. However, the facility may not charge for more than 30 days after receiving notification that the resident is unable to return.~~

~~(b) A reasonable storage fee may be charged for storage of the resident's belongings beyond 30 days if the admission agreement includes fees for storage.~~

~~(3) SUBSTANTIATED ABUSE. If a resident dies or leaves a facility due to substantiated neglect, substantiated abuse, or due to conditions of imminent danger of life, health, or safety, as substantiated by the Department, the facility may not charge the resident beyond the resident's last day in the facility.~~

~~(4) INVOLUNTARY MOVE-OUT. If the facility gives written notice for the resident to leave, the facility waives the right to charge for services or room and board beyond the date of the resident's departure. If applicable, the facility may pursue past due charges that the resident incurred prior to move-out.~~

~~(5) REFUNDS. The provider must refund any advance payments within 30 days after the resident leaves the facility.~~

~~(6) RATE INCREASES. The facility must provide 30 days written notice prior to any facility-wide increases, additions, or changes.~~

~~(7) SERVICE RATE INCREASES. The facility must provide immediate written notice to the resident at the time the facility determines the resident's service rates shall increase due to increased service provision, as negotiated in the resident's service plan.~~

~~(8) MEDICAID PERSONAL INCIDENTAL FUNDS. The facility must have written policies, procedures, and accounting records for handling residents'~~

~~personal incidental funds that are managed in the resident's own best interest.~~

~~(a) The resident may manage their personal financial resources, or may authorize another individual or the facility to manage their personal incidental funds.~~

~~(b) The facility must hold, manage, and account for the personal incidental funds of the resident when requested in writing by the resident.~~

~~(c) Records must include the Resident Account Record (SDS 713) or other comparable expenditure form if the facility manages or handles a resident's personal incidental funds.~~

~~(A) The resident account record must show in detail, with supporting documentation, all monies received on behalf of the resident and the disposition of all funds received.~~

~~(B) Individuals shopping for residents must provide a list showing description and price of items purchased, along with payment receipts for these items.~~

~~(C) The facility must provide a copy of the individual Resident Account Record to the resident on a quarterly basis.~~

~~(d) Resident personal incidental fund accounts may not be commingled with facility funds.~~

~~(e) Residents must have reasonable access to their personal incidental funds. At minimum, requests to access personal incidental funds must be acted upon by the facility within one day of the request, excluding weekends and holidays.~~

~~(f) Upon the death of a Medicaid resident with no known surviving spouse, personal incidental funds held by the facility for the resident must be forwarded within 10 business days of the death of the resident to the Department of Human Services, Estate Administration Unit, P.O. Box 14021, Salem OR 97309.~~

~~(g) The facility must maintain documentation of the action taken and the amount of personal incidental funds conveyed.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

411-054-0090 Fire and Life Safety

(Amended 10/1/2009)

(1) FIRE DRILLS. All fire drills shall be conducted according to the Oregon Fire Code (OFC).

(a) Unannounced fire drills must be conducted and recorded every other month at different times of the day, evening, and night shifts.

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(b) Fire and life safety instruction to staff must be provided on alternate months. ¶

(c) The Fire Authority may develop an alternative fire drill plan for the facility. Any such plan must be submitted to SPDthe Department.

(da) A written fire drill record must be kept to document fire drills that include:

(A) Date and time of day;

(B) Location of simulated fire origin;

(C) The escape route used;

(D) Problems encountered and Comments relating to residents who resisted or failed to participate in the drills.;

(E) Evacuation time period needed; and

(F) Whether the alarm system was operative at the time of the drill.

Staff members on duty and participating; and

(G) Number of occupants evacuated

(eb) Alternate exit routes must be used during fire drills to react to varying potential fire origin points.

(fe) The evacuation capability of the residents and staff is a function of both the ability of the residents to evacuate and the assistance provided by the staff.

(ge) Staff must provide fire evacuation assistance to residents from the building to a designated point of safety as determined by the Fire Authority having jurisdiction. Points of safety may include, outside the building, through a horizontal exit, or other areas as determined by the Fire Authority having jurisdiction.

(he) Fire alarms, smoke detectors, or other approved signal devices must be set off during each fire drill, unless otherwise directed by the Fire Authority having jurisdiction.

(2) If the facility is unable to meet the applicable evacuation level, the facility must make an immediate effort to make changes to ensure the evacuation standard is met. Changes must include but not be limited to:

(a) increasing staff levels,

(b) changing staff assignments,

(c) requesting change in resident rooms, and

(d) arranging for special equipment.

If the facility fails to meet the applicable evacuation level, the facility must issue an involuntary move-out notice to the residents in accordance with OAR 411-054-0080.

(3) Fire detection and protection equipment, including visual signals with alarms for hearing-impaired residents, must be maintained in accordance with the [Oregon Fire CodeOFC](#) and the manufacturer's instructions.

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(a) The facility must provide and maintain one or more 2A:10B:C fire extinguishers on each floor in accordance with the [Oregon Fire CodeOFC](#).

(b) Flammable and combustible liquids and hazardous materials must be safely and properly stored in original containers in accordance with the fire authority having jurisdiction.

(4) SAFETY PROGRAM. A safety program must be developed and implemented to avoid hazards to residents, such as dangerous substances, sharp objects, unprotected electrical outlets, slippery floors or stairs, exposed heating devices, broken glass, water temperatures, and fire prevention.

(5) TRAINING FOR RESIDENTS. Residents must be instructed about the facility's fire and life safety procedures [per OFC](#).

(a) Each resident must be instructed within 24 hours of admission and re-instructed at least annually in general safety procedures, evacuation methods, responsibilities during fire drills, and designated meeting places outside the building or within the fire safe area in the event of an actual fire. This requirement does not apply to residents whose mental capability does not allow for following such instruction.

(b) A written record of fire safety training, including content of the training sessions and the residents attending, must be kept.

(6) UNOBSTRUCTED EGRESS. Stairways, halls, doorways, passageways, and exits from rooms and from the building must be unobstructed.

(7) FIRST-AID SUPPLIES. First-aid supplies must be provided, properly labeled, and readily accessible.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0093 Emergency and Disaster Planning
(Amended 9/1/2012)

An emergency preparedness plan is a written procedure that identifies a facility's response to an emergency or disaster for the purpose of minimizing loss of life, mitigating trauma, and to the extent possible, maintaining services for residents, and preventing or reducing property loss.

(1) The facility must prepare and maintain a written emergency preparedness plan in accordance with the Oregon Fire Code (OFC) ~~in OAR chapter 837, division 040.~~

(2) The emergency preparedness plan must:

(a) Include analysis and response to potential emergency hazards including but not limited to:

- (A) Evacuation of a facility;
- (B) Fire, smoke, bomb threat, and explosion;
- (C) Prolonged power failure, water, and sewer loss;
- (D) Structural damage;
- (E) Hurricane, tornado, tsunami, volcanic eruption, flood, and earthquake;
- (F) Chemical spill or leak; and
- (G) Pandemic.

(b) Address the medical needs of the residents including:

- (A) Access to medical records necessary to provide services and treatment; and
- (B) Access to pharmaceuticals, medical supplies, and equipment during and after an evacuation.

(c) Include provisions and supplies sufficient to shelter in place for a minimum of three days without electricity, running water, or replacement staff.

(3) The facility must notify the Department, or the local AAA office or designee, of the facility's status in the event of an emergency that requires evacuation and during any emergent situation when requested.

(4) The facility must conduct a drill of the emergency preparedness plan at least twice a year in accordance with the OFC ~~in OAR chapter 837, division 040~~ and other applicable state and local codes as required. One of the practice drills may consist of a walk-through of the duties or a discussion exercise with a hypothetical event, commonly known as a tabletop exercise. These simulated drills may not take the place of the required fire drills.

(5) The facility must annually review or update the emergency preparedness plan as required by the OFC ~~in OAR chapter 837, division 040~~ and the emergency preparedness plan must be available on-site for review upon request.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455, 443.991, & OL 2007 chapter 205

~~411-054-0100 Exceptions and Waivers~~
~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) SPD may grant exceptions to these rules as provided herein. Exceptions will not be granted that are determined, in the discretion of SPD, to be detrimental to the residents. The facility seeking an exception must submit to SPD, in writing, reasons for the exception request.~~

~~(2) No exception will be granted from a regulation or provision of these rules pertaining to the monitoring of the facility, resident rights, and inspection of the public files.~~

~~(3) Exceptions granted by SPD must be in writing and be reviewed periodically. Exceptions and waivers may be rescinded at any time if SPD determines that continuance of the waiver has a potential adverse impact on resident well-being, privacy, or dignity. SPD will send written notice to the provider with reason(s) why a waiver is denied or rescinded.~~

~~(4) If applicable, exceptions will not be granted by SPD without prior consultation with other agencies involved.~~

~~(5) For assisted living facilities: an individual exception is required for each resident who chooses to share a unit with someone other than his/her spouse or partner.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0105 Inspections and Investigations**~~

~~*(Amended 7/1/2010)*~~

~~(1) The facility must cooperate with Division personnel in inspections, complaint investigations, planning for resident care, application procedures, and other necessary activities.~~

~~(a) Records must be made available to the Division upon request. Division personnel must have access to all resident and facility records and may conduct private interviews with residents. Failure to comply with this requirement shall result in regulatory action.~~

~~(b) The State Long Term Care Ombudsman must have access to all resident and facility records that relate to an investigation. Certified Ombudsman volunteers may have access to facility records that relate to an investigation and access to resident records with written permission from the resident or guardian.~~

~~(c) The State Fire Marshal or authorized representative must be permitted access to the facility and records pertinent to resident evacuation and fire safety.~~

~~(2) Staff of the Division shall visit and inspect every facility at least but not limited to once every two years to determine whether the facility is maintained and operated in accordance with these rules.~~

~~(a) Facilities not in compliance with these rules must submit, within ten days of receipt of the inspection report, a plan of correction that satisfies the Division.~~

~~(b) The Division may impose sanctions for failure to comply with these rules.~~

~~(3) Division staff may consult with and advise the facility administrator concerning methods of care, records, housing, equipment, and other areas of operation.~~

~~(4) A copy of the most current inspection report and any conditions placed upon the license must be posted with the facility's license in public view near the main entrance to the facility.~~

~~(5) COMPLAINT INVESTIGATIONS. The Division, through the Division's local offices, shall provide, by written communication or email, a copy of the investigation report to the licensee and complainant within seven working days of the completion of the investigation.~~

~~(a) The investigation report shall be accompanied by a notice informing the licensee of the right to provide additional information about the content of the report to the local office within 10 calendar days of receipt of the report.~~

~~(b) The Division's local office must review the licensee's responses and reopen the investigation or amend the report if the additional evidence warrants a change.~~

~~(6) ABUSE OR RULE VIOLATION. Upon completion of substantiation of abuse or rule violation, the Division shall immediately provide written notification to the facility.~~

~~(a) WRITTEN NOTICE. The written notice shall:~~

~~(A) Explain the nature of each allegation;~~

~~(B) Include the date and time of each occurrence;~~

~~(C) For each allegation, include a determination of whether the allegation is substantiated, unsubstantiated, or inconclusive;~~

~~(D) For each substantiated allegation, state whether the violation was abuse or another rule violation;~~

~~(E) Include a copy of the complaint investigation report;~~

~~(F) State that the complainant, any person reported to have committed wrongdoing, and the facility have 15 days to provide additional or different information; and~~

~~(G) For each allegation, explain the applicable appeal rights available.~~

~~(b) APPORTIONMENT. If the Division determines there is substantiated abuse, the Division may determine that the facility, an individual, or both the facility and an individual are responsible for the abuse. In determining responsibility, the Division shall consider intent, knowledge and ability to control, and adherence to professional standards as applicable.~~

~~(A) FACILITY. Examples of when the Division shall determine the facility is responsible for the abuse include but are not limited to:~~

~~(i) Failure to provide minimum staffing in accordance with these rules without reasonable effort to correct;~~

~~(ii) Failure to check for or act upon relevant information available from a licensing board;~~

~~(iii) Failure to act upon information from any source regarding a possible history of abuse by any staff or prospective staff;~~

~~(iv) Failure to adequately provide oversight, training, or orientation of staff;~~

~~(v) Failure to allow sufficient time to accomplish assigned tasks;~~

~~(vi) Failure to provide adequate services;~~

~~(vii) Failure to provide adequate equipment or supplies; or~~

~~(viii) Failure to follow orders for treatment or medication.~~

~~(B) INDIVIDUAL. Examples of when the Division shall determine the individual is responsible for the abuse include but are not limited to:~~

~~(i) Intentional acts against a resident including assault, rape, kidnapping, murder, sexual abuse, or verbal or mental abuse;~~

~~(ii) Acts contradictory to clear instructions from the facility, unless the act is determined by the Division to be caused by the facility as identified in paragraph (A) above;~~

~~(iii) Callous disregard for resident rights or safety; or~~

~~(iv) Intentional acts against a resident's property (e.g., theft, misuse of funds).~~

~~(C) An individual may not be considered responsible for the abuse if the individual demonstrates the abuse was caused by factors beyond the individual's control. "Factors beyond the individual's control" are not intended to include such factors as misuse of alcohol or drugs or lapses in sanity.~~

~~(c) DUE PROCESS RIGHTS.~~

~~(A) NON-NURSING ASSISTANT. The written notice in cases of substantiated abuse by a person other than a nursing assistant shall explain the person's right to:~~

~~(i) File a petition for reconsideration pursuant to OAR 137-004-0080; and~~

~~(ii) Petition for judicial review pursuant to ORS 183.484.~~

~~(B) NURSING ASSISTANT. The written notice in cases of substantiated abuse by a nursing assistant shall explain:~~

~~(i) The Division's intent to enter the finding of abuse into the Nursing Assistant Registry following the procedure set out in OAR 411-089-0140; and~~

~~(ii) The nursing assistant's right to provide additional information and request a contested case hearing as provided in OAR 411-089-0140.~~

~~(C) FACILITY. The written notice shall advise the facility of the facility's due process rights as appropriate.~~

~~(d) DISTRIBUTION.~~

~~(A) The written notice shall be mailed to the facility, any person reported to have committed wrongdoing, the complainant (if known), and the Division or Type B AAA office; and~~

~~(B) A copy of the written notice shall be placed in the Division's facility complaint file.~~

~~(7) Upon receipt of a notice of abuse for victims covered by ORS 430.735, the facility shall provide written notice of the findings to the person found to have committed abuse, the residents of the facility, the residents' case managers, and the residents' guardians.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~411-054-0110 Conditions~~

~~(Adopted 11/1/2007)~~

~~(1) Conditions may be attached to a license upon a finding that:~~

- ~~(a) Information on the application or inspection requires a condition to protect the health and safety of residents;~~
- ~~(b) There exists a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of a resident;~~
- ~~(c) There is reliable evidence of abuse, neglect, or exploitation; or~~
- ~~(d) The facility is not being operated in compliance with these rules.~~

~~(2) Conditions that may be imposed on a licensee include, but are not limited to:~~

- ~~(a) Restricting the total number of residents;~~
- ~~(b) Restricting the number and impairment level of residents based upon the capacity of the licensee and staff to meet the health and safety needs of all residents;~~
- ~~(c) Requiring additional staff or staff qualifications;~~
- ~~(d) Requiring additional training for staff;~~
- ~~(e) Requiring additional documentation; or~~
- ~~(f) Restriction of admissions.~~

~~(3) IMPENDING IMPOSITION OF LICENSE CONDITION. Except where the threat to residents is so imminent that SPD determines that it is not safe or practical to give the facility advance notice, SPD will provide the licensee with a Notice of Impending Imposition of License Condition (Notice) at least 48 hours prior to issuing an Order Imposing License Condition (Order). The Notice may be provided in writing, sent by certified or registered mail to the licensee, or provided orally in person or by telephone to the licensee or to~~

~~the person represented by facility staff to be in charge at the facility. When the Notice is delivered orally, SPD must subsequently provide written notice to the licensee by registered or certified mail. The Notice must:~~

~~(a) Generally describe the acts or omissions of the licensee and the circumstances that led to the finding that the imposition of a license condition is warranted;~~

~~(b) Generally describe why the acts or omissions and the circumstances create a situation for which the imposition of a condition is warranted;~~

~~(c) Provide a brief statement identifying the nature of the impending condition;~~

~~(d) Identify a person at SPD whom the licensee may contact and who is authorized to enter the Order or to make recommendations regarding issuance of the Order;~~

~~(e) Specify the date and time an informal conference will be held, if requested by the licensee; and~~

~~(f) Specify the date and time the Order will take effect.~~

~~(4) INFORMAL CONFERENCE. If an informal conference is requested, the conference will be held at a location designated by SPD. If determined to be appropriate by SPD, the conference may be held by telephone.~~

~~(a) With Notice. If a Notice is issued, the licensee must be provided with an opportunity for an informal conference to object to SPD's proposed action before the condition is scheduled to take effect. The Order Imposing License Condition may be issued at any time after the informal conference.~~

~~(b) Without Notice. If an Order is issued without a prior Notice, the licensee may request an immediate informal conference to object to SPD's action.~~

~~(c) Licensees may also request a contested case hearing as set forth in section (5) of this rule.~~

~~(5) ORDER IMPOSING LICENSE CONDITION. When an Order is issued, SPD must serve the Order to the licensee either personally or by registered or certified mail. The Order must include the following statements:~~

~~(a) The authority and jurisdiction under which the condition is being issued;~~

~~(b) A reference to the particular sections of the statute and administrative rules involved;~~

~~(c) The effective date of the condition;~~

~~(d) A short and plain statement of the nature of the matters asserted or charged;~~

~~(e) The specific terms of the license condition;~~

~~(f) Statement of the licensee's right to request a hearing;~~

~~(g) That the licensee may elect to be represented by counsel and to respond and present evidence and argument on all issues involved. If the licensee is to be represented by counsel, the licensee must notify SPD;~~

~~(h) That, if a request for hearing is not received by SPD within 21 days of the date of the Order, the licensee will have waived the right to a hearing under ORS chapter 183;~~

~~(i) Findings of specific acts or omissions of the licensee that are grounds for the condition, and the reasons these acts or omissions create a situation for which the imposition of a license condition is warranted; and~~

~~(j) That SPD may combine the hearing on the Order with any other SPD proceeding affecting the licensee. The procedures for the combined proceeding must be those applicable to the other proceedings affecting the license.~~

~~(6) A licensee who has been ordered to restrict admissions to a facility must immediately post a "Restriction of Admissions Notice" that is provided by SPD, on both the inside and outside faces of each door of the facility through which any person enters or exits a facility. The notices must not be removed, altered or obscured until SPD has lifted the restriction.~~

~~(7) HEARING.~~

~~(a) Right to Hearing. If SPD imposes an Order, the licensee is entitled to a contested case hearing pursuant to ORS chapter 183.~~

~~(b) Hearing Request. SPD must receive the licensee's request for a hearing within 21 days of the date of Order. If a request for hearing is not received by SPD within 21 days of the date of the Order, the licensee will have waived the right to a hearing under ORS chapter 183.~~

~~(c) Date of Hearing. When a timely request for hearing is received, the hearing will be held as soon as practical.~~

~~(8) REQUEST FOR REINSPECTION. When the licensee determines the circumstances leading to imposition of the condition no longer exist, and that effective systems are in place to help ensure similar deficiencies do not recur, the licensee may make written request to SPD for a reinspection. SPD must conduct the reinspection within fifteen working days following receipt of the written request.~~

~~(9) REINSPECTION.~~

~~(a) If SPD finds that the situation for which the condition was imposed has been corrected, and finds that systems are in place to ensure similar deficiencies do not recur, the condition will be withdrawn. SPD will notify the facility by telephone, within five working days from the completion of the reinspection, of the decision to withdraw the condition. Telephone notification will be followed by written notification.~~

~~(b) If SPD determines, after a reinspection, that the situation for which the condition was imposed continues to exist, the license condition will not be withdrawn and SPD is not obligated to reinspect again for~~

~~at least 45 days. A decision not to withdraw the Order must be given to the licensee in writing and the licensee must be informed of the right to a contested case hearing pursuant to ORS chapter 183. Nothing in this rule is intended to limit SPD's authority to visit or inspect the facility at any time.~~

~~(10) EXCEPTIONS TO ORDER IMPOSING LICENSE CONDITION. When a restriction of admissions is in effect pursuant to an Order, SPD, in its sole discretion, may authorize the facility to admit new residents for whom SPD determines that alternate placement is not feasible.~~

~~(11) Conditions may be imposed for the duration of the licensure period (two years) or limited to some other shorter period of time. If the condition corresponds to the licensing period, the reasons for the condition will be considered at the time of renewal to determine if the conditions are still appropriate. The effective date and expiration date of the condition will be indicated on the attachment to the license.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 183, 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 183, 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0120 Civil Penalties**~~

~~(Amended 7/1/2010)~~

~~(1) For purposes of imposing civil penalties, facilities licensed under ORS 443.400 to 443.455 and subsection (2) of ORS 443.991 are considered to be long term care facilities subject to ORS 441.705 to 441.745.~~

~~(2) For purposes of this rule, "person" means a licensee under ORS 443.420 or a person who the Assistant Director of the Division finds shall be so licensed but is not, but does not include any employee of such licensee or person.~~

~~(3) For purposes of this rule, "resident rights" means that each resident must be assured the same civil and human rights accorded to other citizens as described in OAR 411-054-0027.~~

~~(4) The Division shall exercise the powers under ORS 441.705 to 441.745 and thereby issues the following schedule of penalties applicable to residential care and assisted living facilities:~~

~~(a) A Class I violation exists when there is non-compliance involving direct resident care or feeding, adequate staff, or sanitation involving direct resident care or resident rights.~~

~~(b) The Division shall impose a civil penalty of not less than \$2,500 for each occurrence of substantiated abuse that resulted in the death, serious injury, rape, or sexual abuse of a resident. The civil penalty may not exceed \$15,000 in any 90-day period.~~

~~(A) To impose this civil penalty, the Division shall establish that:~~

~~(i) The abuse arose from deliberate or other than accidental action or inaction;~~

~~(ii) The conduct resulting in the abuse was likely to cause death, serious injury, rape, or sexual abuse of a resident; and~~

~~(iii) The person substantiated for the abuse had a duty of care toward the resident.~~

~~(B) For the purposes of this civil penalty, the following definitions apply:~~

~~(i) "Serious injury" means a physical injury that creates a substantial risk of death or that causes serious disfigurement, prolonged impairment of health, or prolonged loss or impairment of the function of any bodily organ.~~

~~(ii) "Rape" means rape in the first, second, or third degree as described in ORS 163.355, 163.365, and 163.375.~~

~~(iii) "Sexual abuse" means any form of nonconsensual sexual contact, including but not limited to unwanted or inappropriate touching, sodomy, sexual coercion, sexually explicit photographing, or sexual harassment. The sexual contact must be in the form of any touching of the sexual or other intimate parts of a person or causing such person~~

~~to touch the sexual or other intimate parts of the actor for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of either party.~~

~~(iv) "Other than accidental" means failure on the part of the licensee, or licensee's employees, agents, or volunteers for whose conduct licensee is responsible, to comply with applicable Oregon Administrative Rules.~~

~~(c) A Class II violation exists when there is non-compliance with the license requirements relating to a license required, the license requirements relating to administrative management, or personal services (care) and activities. Class II violations may result in imposition of a fine for violations found on two consecutive monitorings of the facility.~~

~~(d) A Class III violation exists when there is non-compliance with the license requirements relating to building requirements and resident furnishings. Class III violations may result in imposition of a fine for violations found on two consecutive monitorings of the facility.~~

~~(5) For purposes of this rule, a monitoring occurs when a residential care or assisted living facility is surveyed, inspected, or investigated by an employee or designee of the Division or an employee or designee of the State Fire Marshal.~~

~~(6) In imposing a penalty pursuant to section (4) of this rule, the Assistant Director of the Division shall consider the following factors:~~

~~(a) The past history of the person incurring a penalty in taking all feasible steps or procedures necessary or appropriate to correct any violation;~~

~~(b) Any prior violations of statutes or rules pertaining to residential care or assisted living facilities;~~

~~(c) The economic and financial conditions of the person incurring the penalty; and~~

~~(d) The immediacy and extent that the violation threatens the health, safety, and well-being of residents.~~

~~(7) Any civil penalty imposed under ORS 443.455 and 441.710 shall become due and payable when the person incurring the penalty receives a notice in writing from the Assistant Director of the Division. The notice shall be sent by registered or certified mail and shall include:~~

~~(a) A reference to the particular sections of the statute, rule, standard, or order involved;~~

~~(b) A short and plain statement of the matters asserted or charged;~~

~~(c) A statement of the amount of the penalty or penalties imposed; and~~

~~(d) A statement of the party's right to request a hearing.~~

~~(8) The person to whom the notice is addressed shall have 10 days from the date of postmark to make written application for a hearing before the Division.~~

~~(9) All hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the applicable provisions of ORS chapter 183.~~

~~(10) If the person notified fails to request a hearing within 10 days, an order may be entered by the Division assessing a civil penalty.~~

~~(11) If, after a hearing, the person is found to be in violation of a license, rule, or order listed in ORS 441.710(1), an order may be entered by the Division assessing a civil penalty.~~

~~(12) A civil penalty imposed under ORS 443.455 or 441.710 may be remitted or reduced upon such terms and conditions as the Assistant Director of the Division considers proper and consistent with the public health and safety.~~

~~(13) If the order is not appealed, the amount of the penalty is payable within 10 days after the order is entered. If the order is appealed and is sustained, the amount of the penalty is payable within 10 days after the court decision.~~

~~The order, if not appealed or sustained on appeal, shall constitute a judgment and may be filed in accordance with the provisions of ORS 18.005 to 18.428. Execution may be issued upon the order in the same manner as execution upon a judgment of a court of record.~~

~~(14) A violation of any general order or final order pertaining to a residential care or assisted living facility issued by the Assistant Director of the Division is subject to a civil penalty in the amount of not less than \$5 and not more than \$500 for each and every violation.~~

~~(15) Judicial review of civil penalties imposed under ORS 441.710 shall be as provided under ORS 183.480, except that the court may, in its discretion, reduce the amount of the penalty.~~

~~(16) All penalties recovered under ORS 443.455 and 441.710 to 441.740 shall be paid to the Quality Care Fund.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 441.705 to 441.745, 443.400 to 443.455, & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0125 Inactive and Provisional Licenses**
(Repealed 10/1/2009)~~

~~411-054-0130 Non-Renewal, Denial, Suspension, or Revocation of License~~

~~(Amended 10/1/2009)~~

~~(1) SPD may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license under the following conditions:~~

~~(a) Where SPD finds there has been substantial failure to comply with these rules;~~

~~(b) Where the State Fire Marshal or authorized representative certifies there is failure to comply with all applicable ordinances and rules relating to safety from fire;~~

~~(c) If the licensee fails to implement a plan of correction or comply with a final order of SPD imposing an administrative sanction, including the imposition of a civil penalty;~~

~~(d) Failure to disclose requested information on the application or provision of incomplete or incorrect information on the application;~~

~~(e) Where imminent danger to the health or safety of residents exists;~~

~~(f) Abandonment of facility operation;~~

~~(g) Loss of physical possession of the premise;~~

~~(h) Loss of operational control of the facility; or~~

~~(i) Appointment of a receiver, trustee, or other fiduciary by court order.~~

~~(2) Such revocation, suspension, denial, or non-renewal shall be done in accordance with the rules of SPD and ORS chapter 183.~~

~~(3) Nothing in this rule is intended to preclude SPD from taking other regulatory action on a suspended licensee for violation of the licensing regulations in these rules.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

411-054-0133 Temporary Manager

(Adopted 7/1/2010)

~~(1) APPOINTMENT. The Division, with the consent of the licensee, may appoint a temporary manager to assume control of the day-to-day operation of the facility in accordance with Oregon Laws 2009, chapter 539, sections 14 through 18. The appointment may be for a period not to exceed six months.~~

~~(2) CRITERIA. A temporary manager may be appointed if the Division determines that the health or safety of residents in the facility are, or in the immediate future shall be, in jeopardy based upon:~~

~~(a) The licensee's unwillingness or inability to comply with Department rules in the operation of the facility;~~

~~(b) The imminent insolvency of the facility;~~

~~(c) The Division's revocation or suspension of the license of the facility; or~~

~~(d) The Division's determination that the licensee intends to cease operations and to close the facility without adequate arrangements for the relocation of the residents.~~

~~(3) DUTIES AND POWERS. The temporary manager has all of the duties and powers, as agreed upon between the Division and the licensee that are necessary to ensure the safety and well-being of the residents and the continued operation of the facility.~~

~~(4) QUALIFICATIONS. In order to qualify for appointment as temporary manager, the prospective appointee must:~~

~~(a) Be, or employ a person who is, qualified to serve as administrator for the type of facility being served;~~

~~(b) Be familiar with the Division's rules for the operation of the facility to be served;~~

~~(c) Be familiar with the needs of the resident population in the facility to be served; and~~

~~(d) Have a demonstrated history (five year minimum) of operating and managing a similar facility in substantial compliance with Department rules.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0135 Criminal Penalties**~~

~~*(Adopted 11/1/2007)*~~

~~(1) Violation of any provision of ORS 443.400 to 443.455 is a Class B misdemeanor.~~

~~(2) Violation of any provision of ORS 443.881 is a Class C misdemeanor.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 443.455~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

~~**411-054-0140 Additional Authority**~~

~~*(Adopted 11/1/2007)*~~

~~SPD may commence a suit in equity to enjoin operation of a facility when:~~

~~(1) A facility is operated without a valid license; or~~

~~(2) Notice of revocation has been given and a reasonable time has been allowed for placement of individuals in other facilities.~~

~~Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450~~

~~Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991~~

Residential Care Facility Building Requirements

411-054-0200 Residential Care Facility Building Requirements

(Amended 10/1/2009)

A residential care facility (RCF), as defined by OAR 411-054-0005, shall be built to the following specifications and may have individual or shared living units.

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(1) Applicability for 411-054-0200 shall apply to the following:

(a) An RCF not licensed prior to XX/XX/XXXX;
or

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(b) A major alteration to an RCF for which plans were not submitted to the Division prior to XX/XX/XXXX

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(c) OAR 411-054-0200 shall apply only to the major alteration and shall not apply to any other area of the facility. may have individual or shared living units, where six or more people reside and must be built to the following specifications.

(42) BUILDING CODES. Each RCF residential care facility must meet the requirements of the facility standards set forth in these rules, the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC), and the Oregon Fire Code (OFC) and with building codes in effect at the time of original licensure.

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~~(a) Facilities must comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Fair Housing Act, and Fair Housing Design Guidelines (FHA) where applicable.~~

~~(ba) Subsequent modifications made to an RCF after original licensure facility including but not limited to demolition, remodeling, construction, maintenance, repair, or replacement must comply with all applicable state and local building, electrical, plumbing, and zoning codes in place at the time of the modification.~~

~~(eb) If a change in use and building code occupancy classification occurs, license approval shall be contingent on meeting the OSSC~~

requirements of the building codes and minimum standards of ADA in effect at the time of such change.

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(dc) An RCF must comply with Facilities Planning and Safety (FPS) program requirements for submission of building drawings ~~All two or more story residential care facilities with a capacity of more than 16, must be constructed to include a minimum of one two-hour area separation wall constructed to standards as defined in the OSSC (SR 104.3.1 Fire Barrier).~~

(e) ~~Facilities must comply with the Public Health Division's, Facilities Planning and Safety Program requirements for submission of building plans and specifications per as described in OAR 333-675-0000 through 333-675-0050 (Submission of Project Plans and Specifications for Review).~~

(f) ~~All interior and exterior materials and surfaces (e.g., floors, walls, roofs, ceilings, windows, and furniture) and all equipment necessary for the health, safety, and comfort of the resident will be kept clean and in good repair.~~

(23) GENERAL BUILDING EXTERIOR.

(a) All exterior pathways and accesses to the facility's RCF common use areas and entrance and exit ways must be of hard, smooth material, accessible, and maintained in good repair.

(b) An RCF must take measures ~~Measures must be taken~~ to prevent the entry of rodents, flies, mosquitoes, and other insects. There must be locked storage for all poisons, chemicals, rodenticides, and other toxic materials. All materials must be properly labeled.

(c) The facility RCF grounds must be kept orderly and free of litter and refuse. Garbage must be stored in covered refuse containers.

(d) ~~At least one primary grade level entrance to the building must be arranged to be fully accessible to disabled persons. As described in OAR 411, division 057, memory care communities licensed as an RCF or ALF must be located on the ground floor. Alzheimer's Indorsed Facilities must be located on the ground floor.~~

(e) ~~An RCF must provide s~~Storage ~~must be provided~~ for all maintenance equipment, including yard maintenance tools if not provided by a third party contact.

(f) An RCF must provide an accessible outdoor recreation area. ~~is required.~~ The outdoor recreation area must be available to all residents. Lighting must be equal to a minimum of five foot-candles. ~~Alzheimer's Indorsed Facilities-Memory Care Communities~~ must provide residents with direct access to a secure outdoor recreation area as described in OAR chapter 411, division 057.

(g) Outdoor perimeter fencing must not be secured to prevent exit unless the ~~facility RCF~~ has written approval ~~of SPD~~ from the Department or the RCF is in compliance with OAR chapter 411, division 057 (~~Indorsement of Alzheimer's Care Units~~ Memory Care Communities) or OAR 309-032-~~0720-0500~~ through 309-032-~~0830-1565~~ (~~Standards for~~ Enhanced Care Services).

(h) ~~Facilities~~ An RCF must have an entry and exit drive to and from the main building entrance that allows for a vehicle to pick up and drop off residents ~~picking up and dropping off residents~~ and for mail deliveries without the need for vehicles to back up.

(34) GENERAL BUILDING INTERIOR. The design of an RCF ~~Designers~~ must emphasize a residential appearance while retaining the features required to support special resident needs as outlined in this rule.

(a) RECEPTION AREA. A reception area must be visible and accessible to residents and visitors when entering the doors of the main entrance to the ~~facility~~ RCF.

(b) CORRIDORS. Resident-use areas and units must be accessible connected through temperature controlled common corridors. ~~with a minimum width of 48 inches.~~

(A) Resident-use corridors exceeding 20 feet in length to an exit or common area, must have a minimum width of 72 inches.

(B) Corridors must not exceed 150 feet in length from any resident unit to seating or other common-use area.

(C) Handrails must be installed at one or both sides of resident use corridors.

(c) FLOORS.

(A) Hard surface floors and base must be free from cracks and breaks.

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(AB) Carpeting and other floor materials must be constructed and installed to minimize resistance for passage of wheelchairs and other ambulation aids.

(CB) Thresholds and floor junctures must be designed maintained to allow for the passage of wheelchairs and to prevent a tripping hazard and installed for passage of wheelchairs and to prevent a tripping hazard.

~~(d) INTERIOR DOORS. Bathrooms and other common use areas must provide a minimum clear opening of 32 inches (36 inch doors recommended). Lever type or other OSSC/ADA approved hardware must be provided on all doors used by residents.~~

(ed) EXIT DOORS. Exit doors must not include locks that delay evacuation except as approved by the Fire Authority and Oregon Building Codes Agencies having jurisdiction building codes. Such locks may not be installed except with written approval of SPD the Department.

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(A) Exit doors may not include locks that prevent evacuation.

(B) If an electronic code must be entered to use an exit door that code must be clearly posted for residents, visitors, and staff use.

(fe) WALLS AND CEILINGS. Walls and ceilings must be washable cleanable in kitchen, laundry, and bathing areas. Kitchen walls must be finished smooth per OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

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(gf) ELEVATORS. Facilities-An RCF with residents on more than one floor must provide at least one elevator that meets Oregon Elevator Specialty Code (OESC) requirements.

(gh) The interior of the facility must be free from unpleasant odors.

(h) All interior and exterior materials and surfaces (e.g., floors, walls, roofs, ceilings, windows, and furniture) and all equipment necessary for the health, safety, and comfort of the resident will be kept clean and in good repair.

(45) RESIDENT UNITS. Resident units may be limited to a bedroom only, with bathroom facilities centrally located off common corridors. Each resident unit shall be limited to not more than two residents.

(a) Resident units must have a lockable door with lever type handles.

(ab) For bedroom units, the door must open to an indoor, temperature controlled common-use area or common corridor. -and-Residents may not enter a room through another resident's bedroom.

(bc) Resident units must include a minimum of 80 square feet per resident exclusive of closets, vestibules, and bathroom facilities and allow for a minimum of ~~three~~ 3 feet between beds;

(ed) All resident bedrooms must be accessible for ~~persons~~ individuals with disabilities, ~~meeting requirements and meet the requirements~~ of the ~~OSSC building codes, FHA, and the ADA.~~ Adaptable units are not acceptable.

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(de) A lockable storage space (e.g., drawer, cabinet, or closet) must be provided for the safekeeping of a resident's small valuable items and funds. Both the administrator and resident may have keys.

(ef) WARDROBE CLOSET. A separate wardrobe closet must be provided for each resident's clothing and personal belongings. Resident wardrobe and storage space must total a minimum volume of 64 cubic feet for each resident. The rod must be adjustable for height or fixed for reach ranges per building codes, at no higher than 48 inches and no lower than 36 inches for accessibility. For the purposes of calculation, Ccloset height may not exceed eight feet and a depth of two 2 feet.

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(fg) WINDOWS.

~~All units must have an escape window that opens directly onto a public street, public alley, yard, or exit court, except for Alzheimer's Care Units constructed to an SR-2 or I-2 occupancy classification. This window section must be operable from the inside to provide a full clear opening without the use of separate tools and must comply with the specifications of an escape window when required by the OSSC. Windows may not be below grade.~~

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(A) Each resident's sleeping and living unit must have an exterior window that has an area at least one-tenth of the floor area of the room. ~~Windows must also have a nominal maximum windowsill height of 38 inches. Operable units must be designed to prevent accidental falls when sill heights are lower than 36 inches and above the first floor.~~

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(B) Unit windows must be equipped with curtains or blinds for privacy and control of sunlight.

(C) Operable units must be designed to prevent accidental falls when sill heights are lower than 36 inches and above the first floor.

(gh) RESIDENT UNIT BATHROOMS. If resident bathrooms are provided within a resident unit, the bathroom must be a separate room and they must include a toilet, hand wash sink, mirror, and

towel bar ~~(36" in height)~~ and storage for toiletry items. The bathrooms must be accessible for ~~persons~~ individuals who use wheelchairs.

(h) UNIT KITCHENS. If cooking facilities are provided in resident units, cooking appliances must be readily removable or disconnectable and the ~~facility~~ RCF must have and carry out a written safety policy regarding resident use and nonuse. A microwave is considered a cooking appliance.

~~(65)~~ COMMON USE AREAS.

(a) BATHING FACILITIES. Centralized bathing fixtures must be provided at a minimum ratio of one tub or shower for each ten residents not served by fixtures within their own unit.

~~(A) At least one centralized shower or tub must be designed for disabled access without substantial lifting by staff. Curbless showers or tubs equipped for horizontal transfer or hydraulic lift are acceptable. All bathing facilities must meet ADA and OSSC requirements.~~

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~~(B) Bathing facilities must be located or screened to allow for resident privacy while bathing and provide adequate space for an attendant.~~

~~(C) A non-slip floor surface in bathing areas is required.~~

~~(AD)~~ Grab bars must be provided in all resident showers.

~~(BE)~~ Showers must be equipped with a hand-held showerhead and a cleanable shower curtain.

~~(C) Bathing facilities must be located or screened to allow for resident privacy while bathing and provide adequate space for an attendant.~~

~~(D) A non-slip floor surface in bathing areas is required.~~

(b) TOILET FACILITIES. Toilet facilities must be located for resident use at a minimum ratio of one to six residents for all residents not

served by toilet facilities within their own unit. Toilet facilities must include a toilet, hand wash sink, and mirror, s and hand wash sinks with an accessible mirror must be located for resident use at a minimum ratio of one to six residents for all residents not served by these fixtures in their own unit.

(A) Toilet facilities for all of the licensed resident capacity must be accessible to persons individuals with disabilities in accordance with the ADA and the OSBC as enforced by the Oregon Building Codes Division or local jurisdictions having authority building codes.

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(B) An RCF licensed for more than 16 residents must provide At least one separate toilet and hand wash lavatory must be provided for staff and visitor use in facilities licensed for more than 16.

(c) DINING AREA. Dining space must be provided to seat all residents with a minimum area of 22 square feet per resident, exclusive of serving carts and other equipment or items that take up space in the dining room. The facility An RCF must have policies and equipment to assure that food is served fresh and at proper temperature.

(d) LOUNGE AND ACT/SOCIAL AND RECREATIONVITY AREAS. The facility must include lounge and activity areas for social and recreational use totaling a minimum of 15 square feet per resident.

(e) STOVE. If a stove is provided in the activities or common-use area and is available for resident use, a keyed, remote switch, or other safety device must be provided.

(67) SUPPORT SERVICE AREAS.

(a) MEDICATION STORAGE. Facilities An RCF must have a locked and separate closed storage for medications, supportive of the distribution system utilized including:

(A) A method for refrigeration of perishable medications that provides for locked separation from stored food items;

(B) Medications must be stored in an area that is separate from any poisons, hazardous material, or toxic substance and; In residential care facilities of 17 or greater capacity, a medication sink must be provided; and

(C) An RCF licensed for more than 16 residents must provide a medication sink. Medications must be stored in an area that is separate from any poisons, hazardous material, or toxic substance.

(b) HOUSEKEEPING AND SANITATION.

(A) An RCF must have a secured ~~The facility must have a secured~~ janitor closet for storing supplies and equipment, with a floor or service sink.

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(B) Wall base shall be continuous and covered with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects or moisture. (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

(c) LAUNDRY FACILITIES. Laundry facilities may be located to allow for both resident and staff use when a time schedule for resident use is provided and equipment is of residential type. When the primary laundry is not in the building or suitable for resident use, an RCF must provide separate resident-use laundry facilities. ~~must be provided.~~

(A) Laundry facilities must be operable at no additional cost to the resident.

(B) There must be adequate space and equipment to handle laundry-processing needs. Laundry facilities must be separate from food preparation and other resident use areas.

(C) On-site laundry facilities, used by staff for facility and resident laundry, must have capacity for locked storage of chemicals and equipment.

(D) Wall base shall be continuous and coved with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects or moisture. (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

(d) SOILED LINEN PROCESSING. For the purpose of this rule “soiled linens ~~or~~ and soiled clothing,” means linens or clothing contaminated by an ~~individual’s~~ person’s bodily fluids (~~e.g., for example: urine, feces, or bloodblood, etc.~~.)

(A) There must be a separate area ~~or room and with~~ closed containers that ensure the separate storage and handling of soiled linens and soiled clothing. There must be space and equipment to handle soiled linen and soiled clothing processing needs that is separate from regular linens and clothing.

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(B) Arrangement must provide a one-way flow of linens and soiled clothing from the soiled area to the clean area and preclude potential for contamination of clean linens and clothing.

~~(C) Soiled linen and clothing must be stored and processed separately from other linen and clothing.~~

~~(D)~~C The soiled linen room, or area, must include a flushing rim clinical sink with a handheld rinsing device and a hand wash sink or lavatory.

~~(E)~~D When washing soiled linens and soiled clothing, washers must have a minimum rinse temperature of 140 degrees Fahrenheit unless a chemical disinfectant is used.

(E) Personnel handling soiled laundry must be provided with waterproof gloves.

(F) Wall base shall be continuous and coved with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects or moisture. (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

(e) KITCHEN AND FOOD STORAGE. Kitchen facilities and equipment in residential care facilities with a capacity of 16 or less fewer capacity may be of residential type except as required by the OSSC and OFC building codes. Residential care facilities licensed for a capacity of more than 16 must comply with OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules). The following are required:

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(A) Dry storage space, not subject to freezing, must store a minimum one-week supply of staple foods.

(B) There must be refrigeration and freezer space at proper temperature to store a minimum two days' supply of perishable foods.

(C) Storage for all dishware, utensils and cooking utensils must meet OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

(D) In facilities licensed to serve 16 or fewer residents, a dishwasher must be provided (may be residential type) with a minimum final rinse temperature of 140 degrees Fahrenheit (160 degrees recommended), unless a chemical disinfectant is used in lieu of the otherwise required water temperature. In facilities of 17 or more capacity, a commercial dishwasher is required meeting OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

(E) In residential care facilities with a capacity of 16 or less fewercapacity, a two compartment sink or separate food preparation sink and hand wash lavatory must be provided. In residential care facilities of-with 17 or more capacity, a triple pot wash sink (unless all pots are sanitized in the dishwasher), a food prep sink, and separate hand wash lavatory must be provided.

(F) Food preparation and serving areas must have smooth and cleanable counters.

(G) Stove and oven equipment for cooking and baking needs.

(H) Storage in the food preparation area for garbage must be enclosed and separate from food storage.

(I) Storage for a mop and other cleaning tools and supplies used for dietary areas. Such tools must be separate from those used in toilet rooms, resident, and other support areas. In residential care facilities of with a capacity of 17 or more capacity, a separate janitor closet or alcove must be provided with a floor or service sink and storage for cleaning tools and supplies.

(J) Storage must be available for cookbooks, diet planning information, and records.

(K) Wall base shall be continuous and covered with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects or moisture (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

(87) HEATING AND VENTILATION SYSTEMS. An RCF must have heating and ventilation systems that comply~~Systems must comply~~ with the Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code building codes in effect at the time of construction.

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(a) TEMPERATURE. For all areas occupied by residents, design temperature for construction must be 75 degrees Fahrenheit.

(A) ~~Facilities~~ An RCF must provide heating systems capable of maintaining 70 degrees Fahrenheit in resident areas. Required minimum temperatures are no less than 70 degrees Fahrenheit during the day and 60 degrees Fahrenheit during sleeping hours.

(B) During times of extreme summer heat, fans must be made available when air conditioning is not provided.

(b) EXHAUST SYSTEMS. All toilet and shower rooms must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust fan or central exhaust system that discharges to the outside.

(c) FIREPLACES, FURNACES, WOODSTOVES, AND BOILERS.

Where used, installation must meet standards of the Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code building codes in effect at the time of construction. The glass and area surrounding the fireplace must not exceed 120 degrees Fahrenheit

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(d) WALL HEATERS. Covers, grates, or screens of wall heaters and associated heating elements must may not exceed 120 degrees Fahrenheit when they are installed in locations that are subject to incidental contact by people or with combustible material. Effective XX/XX/XXXX, wall heaters are not acceptable in new construction or remodeling.

(98) PLUMBING SYSTEMS. Plumbing systems must conform to the Oregon Plumbing Specialty Code building code in effect at the time of facility construction.

(a) Hot water temperature in residents' units must be maintained within a range of 110 - 120 degrees Fahrenheit.

(b) Hot water temperatures serving dietary areas must meet OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

~~(c) SPRINKLER SYSTEM. Facilities must have a sprinkler system installed in accordance with the OSSC.~~

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~~(dc) An outside area drain and hot and cold water hose bibs must be provided for sanitizing laundry carts, food carts, and garbage cans.~~

(109) ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS.

(a) WIRING SYSTEMS. All wiring systems must meet the Oregon Electrical Specialty Code (OESPC) building codes in effect at the date of installation and devices must shall be properly wired maintained and in good repair.

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~~(b) All electrical circuits must be protected by circuit breakers or limitrons in fuse boxes of proper capacity. Electrical loads on circuits must be limited in accordance with proper circuit capacity. The use of extension cords and other special taps are not allowed.~~

~~(c) Sufficient electrical outlets must be provided to meet resident and staff needs without the use of extension cords or other special taps.~~

(d)c) LIGHTING. Lighting fixtures must be provided in each resident bedroom and bathroom, switchable near the entry door.

~~(A) Lighting for evacuation must be operable during a failure of the normal power supply.~~

(BA) Each resident bedroom must have illumination of at least 20-foot candles measured at 3 feet above the floor for way finding from the room entrance, to each bed, and to the adjoining toilet room, if one exists, ~~with at least 20-foot candles of illumination measured at the floor.~~

(CB) Lighting in ~~resident~~ toilet rooms and bathing areas facilities used by residents must be at least 50-foot candles, measured at the hand wash basin-sink and three 3 feet above the shower floor with the curtain open.

(DC) Corridor lighting must equal a minimum of 20-foot candles measured from the floor.

(E) Task-Table height lighting in dining rooms must equal a minimum of 25-foot candles, without light from windows, ~~measured from table height.~~

(110) CALL SYSTEM. An RCF must provide a call system ~~must be provided that~~ connects ing resident units to the care staff center or staff pagers. Wireless call systems are allowed.

(a) A manually operated emergency call system must be provided in each toilet and bathing ~~room~~facility used by residents and visitors.

(b) EXIT DOOR ALARMS. An exit door alarm or other acceptable system must be provided for security purposes and to alert staff when residents exit the ~~facility~~RCF. The door alarm system may be integrated with the call system.

(c) Security devices intended to alert staff of an individual resident's potential elopement may include electronic pendants, bracelets, pins, etc.

(124) TELEPHONES. Adequate telephones must be available for resident, staff, and visitor use, including those individuals who have physical disabilities. If the only telephone is located in a staff area, it must be posted that ~~the the tele~~phone is available for normal resident use at any time and that staff shall ensure the resident's uninterrupted privacy. Staff may provide assistance when necessary or requested.

(132) TELEVISION ANTENNA OR CABLE SYSTEM. An RCF must provide Aa television antenna or cable system with an outlet in each resident unit must be provided.

~~(13) FIRE ALARM SYSTEM. An approved fire alarm system that includes interconnected smoke detectors, annunciator and control panels, and manual pull stations is required in residential care facilities. The fire alarm system must meet the requirements of the OSSC, the OFC, the OESPC, and the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association.~~

Stat. Auth.: ORS 410.070 & 443.450

Stats. Implemented: ORS 443.400 to 443.455 & 443.991

Assisted Living Facility Building Requirements

411-054-0300 Assisted Living Facility Building Requirements

(Amended 10/1/2009)

An assisted living facility (ALF), as defined by OAR 411-054-0005, shall must be built to the following requirements and have individual living units that have a lockable door, private bathroom, and kitchenette, and must be built to the following requirements.

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(1) Applicability for 411-054-0300 shall apply to the following:

(a) An ALF not licensed prior to XX/XX/XXXX; or

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(b) A major alteration to an ALF for which plans were not submitted to the Division prior to XX/XX/XXXX;

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(c) OAR 411-054-0300 shall apply only to the major alteration and shall not apply to any other area of the facility.

(12) BUILDING CODES. Each assisted living facility ALF must meet the requirements of the facility standards set forth in these rules, the Oregon Structural Specialty Code (OSSC), and the Oregon Fire Code (OFC) and with the building codes in effect at the time of original licensure.

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(a) Facilities must comply with Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Fair Housing Act, and Fair Housing Design Guidelines (FHA) where applicable. Subsequent modifications made to an ALF after original licensure including but not limited to demolition, remodeling, construction, maintenance, repair, or replacement must comply with all applicable state and local building, electrical, plumbing, and zoning codes in place at the time of the modification.

(b) If a change in use and building code occupancy classification occurs, license approval shall be contingent on meeting the requirements of the building codes.

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Subsequent modifications made to a facility including but not limited to demolition, remodeling, construction, maintenance, repair, or

~~replacement must comply with all applicable state and local building, electrical, plumbing, and zoning codes in place at the time of the modification.~~

~~(c) An ALF must comply with Facilities Planning and Safety program requirements for submission of building drawings and specifications as described in OAR 333-675-0000 through 333-675-0050. If a change in use and building code occupancy classification occurs, license approval shall be contingent on meeting the OSSC and minimum standards of ADA in effect at the time of such change.~~

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~~(d) All two or more story facilities must be constructed to include a minimum of one two-hour area separation wall constructed to standards as defined in the OSSC (SR 104.3.1 Fire Barrier).~~

~~(e) Facilities must comply with the Public Health Division, Facilities Planning and Safety Program requirements for submission of building plans and specifications per OAR 333-675-0000 (Submission of Project Plans and Specifications for Review).~~

~~(f) All interior and exterior materials and surfaces (e.g. floors, walls, roofs, ceilings, windows, and furniture) and all equipment necessary for the health, safety, and comfort of the resident must be kept clean and in good repair.~~

(32) GENERAL BUILDING EXTERIOR.

(a) All exterior pathways and accesses to ~~the facility~~an ALF's common-common-use areas and entrance and exit ways must be of hard, smooth material, accessible, and maintained in good repair.

(b) An ALF must take Mmeasures ~~must be taken~~ to prevent the entry of rodents, flies, mosquitoes, and other insects. There must be locked storage for all poisons, chemicals, rodenticides, and other toxic materials. All materials must be properly labeled.

(c) ~~The facility~~ALF grounds must be kept orderly and free of litter and refuse. Garbage must be stored in covered refuse containers.

(d) ~~At least one primary grade level entrance to the building must be arranged to be fully accessible to disabled persons.~~ As described in OAR chapter 411, division 057, memory care communities Alzheimer's Indorsed Facilities must be located on the ground floor.

(e) An ALF must provide S~~storage must be provided~~ for all maintenance equipment, including yard maintenance tools, if not provided by third party contract.

(f) An ALF must provide an accessible outdoor recreation area. ~~is required.~~ The outdoor recreation area must be available to all residents. Lighting must be equal to a minimum of 5 foot candles. ~~and have lighting equal to a minimum of five foot candles.~~ Alzheimer's Memory care communities Indorsed Facilities must provide residents with direct access to a secure outdoor recreation area as described in OAR chapter 411, division 057.

(g) Outdoor perimeter fencing ~~must may~~ not be secured to prevent exit unless the facility-ALF has received written approval ~~of SPD from the Department~~ or the ALF is in compliance with OAR chapter 411, division 057 (~~Indorsement of Alzheimer's Care Units~~Memory Care Communities) or OAR 309-032-~~0720-1500~~ through 309-032-~~0830 1565~~ (~~Standards for~~ Enhanced Care Services).

(h) ~~Facilities~~ An ALF must have an entry and exit drive to and from the main building entrance that allows for a vehicle to picking up and dropping off residents and for mail deliveries without the need for vehicles to back up.

(34) GENERAL BUILDING INTERIOR. The design of the ALF ~~Designers~~ must emphasize a residential appearance while retaining the features required to support special resident needs as outlined in this rule.

(a) RECEPTION AREA. A reception area must be visible and accessible to residents and visitors when entering the doors of the main entrance to ~~the facility~~ an ALF.

(b) CORRIDORS. Resident-use areas and units must be accessible connected through temperature controlled common corridors, with a minimum width of 48 inches.

(A) Resident-use corridors exceeding 20 feet in length to an exit or common-use area, must have a minimum width of 72 inches.

(B) Corridors must shall not exceed 150 feet in length from any resident unit to seating or other common-use area.

(C) Handrails must be installed at one or both sides of resident use corridors.

(c) FLOORS.

(A) Hard surface floors and base must be free from cracks and breaks.

(AB) Carpeting and other floor materials must be constructed and installed to minimize resistance for passage of wheelchairs and other ambulation aids.

(BC) Thresholds and floor junctures must be designed maintained to allow for the and installed for passage of wheelchairs and to prevent a tripping hazard.

~~(d) INTERIOR DOORS. Bathrooms and other common use areas must provide a minimum clear opening of 32 inches (36 inch doors recommended). Lever type or other OSSC/ADA approved hardware must be provided on all doors used by residents.~~

~~(de) EXIT DOORS. Exit doors must may not include locks that delay evacuation except as approved by the Fire Authority and Oregon Building Codes Agencies having jurisdiction building codes. Such locks may not be installed except with written approval of SPD the Department.~~

(A) Exit doors may not include locks that prevent evacuation.

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(B) If an electronic code must be entered to use an exit door that code must be clearly posted for residents, visitors, and staff use.

(ef) WALLS AND CEILINGS. Walls and ceilings must be washable cleanable in kitchen, laundry, and bathing areas. Kitchen walls must be finished smooth per OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

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(fg) ELEVATORS. Facilities-An ALF with residents on more than one floor must provide at least one elevator that meets Oregon Elevator Specialty Code (OESC) requirements.

(gh) The interior of the facility must be free from unpleasant odors.

(h) All interior and exterior materials and surfaces (e.g. floors, walls, roofs, ceilings, windows, and furniture) and all equipment necessary for the health, safety, and comfort of the resident must be kept clean and in good repair.

(54) RESIDENT UNITS. All resident units (apartments) must be comprised accessible per building codes. These apartments must have a a locked entry door with lever type handles, private bathroom and kitchenette facilities of individual adaptable and accessible apartments with a lockable door, private bathroom, and kitchenette facilities conforming to the requirement of the OSSC, FHA, and the facility standards set forth in these rules. Adaptable units are not acceptable.

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(a) UNIT DIMENSIONS. New construction units must have a minimum of 220 net square feet not including the bathroom. Units in pre-existing structures being remodeled must have a minimum of 160 square feet not including the bathroom.

(b) RESIDENT STORAGE SPACE.

(A) Each unit must provide usable space totaling at least 100 cubic feet for resident clothing and belongings and include one clothes closet with a minimum of 4 linear feet of hanging space.

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(B) The rod must be adjustable for reach ranges per ANSI 117.1 308 building codes. In calculating useable space, closet height may not exceed 8 feet and a depth of 2 feet.

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(C) Kitchen cabinets must not be included when measuring storage space.

(D) A lockable storage space (e.g., drawer, cabinet, or closet) must be provided for the safekeeping of a resident's small valuable items and funds. Both the administrator and resident may have keys.

(b) ~~WINDOWS. All units must have an escape window that opens directly onto a public street, public alley, yard, or exit court. This window section must be operable from the inside to provide a full clear opening without the use of separate tools and must have a minimum net clear open area of 5.7 square feet, a minimum net clear opening height of 24 inches, a minimum net clear open width dimension of 20 inches, and must not be below grade.~~

(A) (A) Each resident's living room and bedroom must have exterior windows that have an area at least one-tenth of the floor area of the room.

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One window must be at least 3'-6" x 5'-0" in size and have a maximum sill height of 36 inches.

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Operable units must be designed to prevent accidental fall when sill heights are lower than 36 inches.

(B) Unit windows must be equipped with curtains or blinds for privacy and control of sunlight.

(C) Operable units windows must be designed to prevent accidental falls when sill heights are lower than 36 inches and above the first floor.

(c) ~~DOORS. Each unit must have an n-entry door that is self-closing, does not swing into the exit corridor, and is equipped with lever handles.~~

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(A) A locking device must be included that is released with action of the inside lever. Locks for the entry door must be individually keyed, master keyed, and a key supplied to the resident.

(B) The unit exit door must open to an indoor, temperature controlled, common-use area or common corridor.

(d) BATHROOM. The unit bathroom must be a separate room with a toilet, sink, a roll-in, curbless shower, ~~have at least one~~ towel bar ~~(36 inch height)~~, ~~one~~ toilet paper holder, ~~one accessible~~ mirror, and storage for toiletry items.

(A) The door to the bathroom must open outward or slide into the wall.

~~(A) The unit bathroom must have unobstructed floor space of sufficient size to inscribe a circle with a diameter of not less than 60 inches or a "T" turn conforming to the requirements of the OSSC and ADA, for maneuverability by residents using wheelchairs or other mobility aids. The "circle" or "T" may infringe in the space of the roll-in shower stall by a maximum of 12 inches.~~

~~(B) Wall construction must have proper and appropriately placed blocking near toilets and in showers to allow installation of grab bars.~~

~~(C) Roll-in shower stalls must meet OSSC and ADA requirements except as noted in this rule. The minimum number of resident unit bathroom showers required by OSSC must have a clear inside dimension of 36 inches deep by 60 inches long. All other resident unit showers must have a minimum nominal dimension of 36 inches deep by 48 inches long. A folding seat is not required.~~

(D) Showers must have non-slip floor surfaces in front of roll-in showers, a hand-held showerhead, cleanable shower curtains, and appropriate grab bar.

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~~(E) Shower curb must not exceed one-quarter inch in height at front of shower. Ramps are not allowed in front of roll-in showers.~~

~~(F) Water closets and lavatories must meet OSSC and ADA requirements to be fully accessible unless otherwise noted in this rule. The lavatory must have readily removable cabinets underneath or be readily adaptable to meet the OSSC and ADA requirements for a forward approach by a wheelchair.~~

(e) KITCHENS/KITCHENETTES. Each unit must have a kitchen area equipped with the following:

~~(A) a~~ sink, refrigerator, a cooking appliance that ~~can~~ may be removed or disconnected. A microwave is considered a cooking device.

~~(B) a~~ Adequate space for food preparation.

~~(C) and s~~ Storage space for utensils and supplies.

~~(AD) Counter heights must~~ may not be higher than 34 inches. ~~The sink, refrigerator, and cooking appliance must meet OSSC and the ADA reach and clear floor space requirements for wheelchairs.~~

~~(B) The sink must have readily removable cabinets underneath or be readily adaptable to meet the OSSC and ADA requirements for a forward approach by a wheelchair.~~

~~(C) Fifty percent of the shelving must be within the reach ranges per the OSSC and ADA.~~

~~(f) RESIDENT STORAGE SPACE. Each unit must provide usable space totaling at least 100 cubic feet for resident clothing and belongings and include one clothes closet with a minimum of four linear feet of hanging space. The rod must be adjustable for height or fixed at no higher than 48 inches and no lower than 36 inches for accessibility. In calculating usable space, closet height must not~~

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~~exceed eight feet and a depth of two feet. Kitchen cabinets must not be included when measuring storage space.~~

~~(g) A lockable storage space (e.g., drawer, cabinet, or closet) must be provided for the safekeeping of a resident's small valuable items and funds. Both the administrator and resident may have keys.~~

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~~(65)~~ COMMON USE AREAS.

~~(a) BATHING ROOM. There must be a special bathing room with a tub with whirlpool action, accessible by side transfer, without the use of mechanical aids and designed for staff assistance.~~

~~(A) The room must have individual heat control and be equipped with an exhaust to the outside.~~

~~(B) There must be direct access to a toilet and sink in the same room or in an adjacent room.~~

~~(C) There must be a non-slip floor surface and a manually operated emergency call system.~~

~~(ab)~~ PUBLIC RESTROOMS. There must be accessible public restrooms for visitor, staff, and resident use, convenient to dining and recreation areas.

(A) The public restroom must contain a toilet, sink, waste container, and a hand drying means that cannot be reused.

(B) There must be a manually operated emergency call system in the public restrooms.

~~(eb)~~ DINING ROOM. The building must have a dining area with the capacity to seat 100 percent of the residents. The dining room must provide 22 sq. ft. per resident for seating, exclusive of service carts and other equipment or items that take up space in the dining room. This rule is exclusive of any separate private dining rooms.

(cd) SOCIAL AND RECREATION AREAS. ~~The building~~An ALF must have common areas for social-recreational use totaling at least 15 sq. ft. per resident.

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(ed) STOVE. If a stove is provided in the activities or common-use area and is available for resident use, a keyed, remote switch, or other safety device must be provided to insure staff supervision control.

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(ef) RESIDENT LAUNDRY FACILITIES. Laundry facilities must be operable at no additional cost to the resident. Resident laundry facilities must have at with at least one washer and dryer. accessible by residents using wheelchairs.

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(fg) MAILBOX. Each resident or unit must be provided a mailbox that meets OSSC and ADA reach and clear floor space requirements for wheelchairs. It must also meet US Postal Service requirements.

(76) SUPPORT SERVICE AREAS.

(a) MEDICATION STORAGE. ~~The facility~~An ALF must provide a secured space for medication storage with access to a sink and cold storage in the same area. Space for necessary medical supplies and equipment must be provided.

(b) HOUSEKEEPING AND SANITATION. ~~The facility~~An ALF must have a secured janitor closet with a floor or service sink for storing supplies and equipment, with a floor or service sink. Wall base shall be continuous and coved with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects or moisture (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

(c) LAUNDRY FACILITIES. Laundry facilities may be located to allow for both resident and staff use when a time schedule for resident use is provided and equipment is of residential type.

(A) If the primary laundry is not suitable for resident use, an ALF must provide separate resident laundry facilities ~~must be provided.~~

(B) Laundry facilities must be separate from food preparation and other resident use areas.

(C) On-site laundry facilities, used by staff for facility and resident laundry, must have capacity for locked storage of chemicals and equipment.

(D) An ALF must provide covered or enclosed clean linen storage that may be on shelves or carts. Clean linens may be stored in closets outside the laundry area.

(E) The wall base of the laundry facilities must be continuous and covered with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall and constructed without voids that may harbor insects or moisture (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

(d) SOILED LINEN PROCESSING. For the purpose of this rule “soiled linens or soiled clothing,” means linens or clothing contaminated with an individual’s person’s bodily fluids (e.gfor example-, urine, feces, blood, etc.)

(A) There must be a separate ~~area of room room, or area,~~ and closed containers that ensure the separate storage and handling of soiled linens and soiled clothing. There must be space and equipment to handle soiled linen and soiled clothing processing needs that is separate from regular linen and clothing. ~~Soiled linen and clothing must be stored and processed separately from other linen and clothing.~~

~~(B) There must be a separate area or room with closed containers that ensure the separate storage and handling of soiled linens.~~

~~(C)~~ Arrangement must provide a one-way flow of soiled linens and soiled clothing from the soiled area to the clean area and

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preclude potential for contamination of clean linens and clothing.

(~~DC~~) The soiled linen ~~room, or~~ area, must include a flushing rim clinical sink with a handheld rinsing device and a hand wash sink or lavatory.

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~~(E) There must be adequate space and equipment to handle laundry processing needs. Personnel handling soiled laundry must be provided with waterproof gloves.~~

(~~F~~)~~D~~) When washing soiled linens, washers must have a minimum rinse temperature of 140 degrees Fahrenheit unless a chemical disinfectant is used.

(E) Personnel handling soiled laundry must be provided with waterproof gloves.

(~~FG~~) Covered or enclosed clean linen storage must be provided that may be on shelves or carts. Clean linens may be stored in closets outside the laundry area.

(G) The wall base of the laundry facilities must be continuous and coved with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall and constructed without voids that may harbor insects or moisture (effective XX/XX/XXXX).

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(e) KITCHEN AND FOOD STORAGE. ~~Assisted living facilities~~An ALF must comply with OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules), for food handling and primary meal preparation areas. Each ALF must have:

(A) Dry storage space, not subject to freezing, for a minimum one-week supply of staple foods;~~must store a minimum one-week supply of staple foods.~~

(B) ~~There must be r~~Refrigeration and freezer space at proper temperature to store a minimum two days supply of perishable foods.

(C) Storage for all dishware and utensils used by residents must meet OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

(D) Storage for a mop and other cleaning tools and supplies used for dietary areas. Such tools must be separate from those used in toilet rooms, resident, and other support areas.

~~(E) There must be a~~ separate janitor closet or alcove with a floor or service sink and storage for cleaning tools and supplies.

~~(F)~~ Storage in the food preparation area for garbage must be enclosed and separate from food storage.

~~(G)~~ Storage must be available for cookbooks, diet planning information, and records; and

(H) All kitchen and food storage areas must have a wall base that is continuous and covered with the floor, tightly sealed to the wall, and constructed without voids that can harbor insects or moisture (effective XX/XX/XXXX)

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(87) HEATING AND VENTILATION SYSTEMS. An ALF must have heating and ventilation systems that comply with the Oregon Mechanical Specialty Code building codes in effect at the time of facility construction.

(a) TEMPERATURE. For all areas occupied by residents, design temperature for construction must be 75 degrees Fahrenheit.

(b) ~~Facilities~~ An ALF must provide heating systems capable of maintaining 70 degrees Fahrenheit in resident areas. Required minimum temperatures are no less than 70 degrees Fahrenheit during the day and 60 degrees Fahrenheit during sleeping hours.

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(c) TEMPERATURE CONTROLS. Each unit must have individual thermostatic heating controls.

(d) WALL HEATERS. Covers, grates, or screens of wall heaters and associated heating elements must may not exceed 120 degrees Fahrenheit when they are installed in locations that are subject to incidental contact by people individuals or with combustible material. Wall heaters are not acceptable in new construction or remodeling.

(e) FANS. During times of extreme summer heat, fans must be made available when air conditioning is not provided.

(f) EXHAUST SYSTEMS. All toilet and shower rooms must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust fan or central exhaust system that discharges to the outside.

(g) VENTILATION. Ventilation in each unit must occur via an open window to the outside, or with a mechanical venting system capable of providing two air changes per hour with one-fifth of the air supply taken from the outside.

(98) PLUMBING SYSTEMS. Plumbing systems must conform to the Oregon Plumbing Specialty Code building codes in effect at the time of facility construction.

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(a) Hot water temperature in residents' units must be maintained within a range of 110 - 120 degrees Fahrenheit.

(b) Hot water temperatures serving dietary areas must meet OAR 333-150-0000 (Food Sanitation Rules).

~~(c) SPRINKLER SYSTEM. Facilities must have a sprinkler system installed in accordance with the OSSC.~~

~~(cd) An outside area drain and hot and cold water hose bibs must be provided for sanitizing laundry carts, food carts, and garbage cans.~~

(109) ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.

(a) WIRING SYSTEMS. All wiring systems must meet the Oregon Electrical Specialty Code (OESPC) building codes in effect at the date of installation and devices must be properly wired and in good repair.

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~~(b) All electrical circuits must be protected by circuit breakers or type 'S' fuses and fuse holders of proper capacity. Electrical loads on circuits must be limited in accordance with proper circuit capacity.~~

~~(c) Sufficient electrical outlets must be provided to meet resident and staff needs without t~~he use of extension cords or other special taps are not allowed.

(~~c~~) LIGHTING. Each unit must have general illumination in the bath, kitchen, living space, and sleeping area. The general lighting intensity in the unit for way finding must be at least 20-foot candles measured from the floor.

(A) Lighting in the unit bathroom must be at least 50-foot candles measured from the height of the hand-wash basin and 3 feet above the shower floor with the curtain open.

(B) Task lighting at the unit food preparation or cooking area must be at least 50-foot candles measured from counter height.

(C) Corridor lighting must equal a minimum of 20-foot candles measured from the floor.

(D) ~~Task-Table height~~ lighting in the dining room must equal a minimum of 25-foot candles without light from windows measured from table height.

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(~~1140~~) CALL SYSTEM. An ALF must provide a -call system-must be provided, that connects connecting resident units to the care staff center or staff pagers. Wireless call systems are allowed.

(a) A manually operated emergency call system must be provided at each resident bathroom, central bathing rooms, and public-use restrooms.

(b) EXIT DOOR ALARMS. Exit door alarms or other acceptable systems must be provided for security purposes and to alert staff when residents exit the facilityALF. The door alarm system may be integrated with the call system.

(c) Security devices intended to alert staff of an individual resident's potential elopement may include electronic pendants, bracelets, pins, etc.

(124) TELEPHONES.

(a) RESIDENT PHONES. Each unit must have at least one telephone jack to allow for individual phone service.

(b) PUBLIC TELEPHONE. There must be an accessible local access public telephone in a private area that allows a resident or another individual to conduct a private conversation.

(132) TELEVISION ANTENNA OR CABLE SYSTEM. An ALF must provide a television antenna or cable system with an outlet in each resident unit must be provided.

~~(13) FIRE ALARM SYSTEM. An approved fire alarm system that includes interconnected smoke detectors, annunciator and control panels, and manual pull stations is required in assisted living facilities. The fire alarm system must meet the requirements of the OSSC, the OFC, the OESPC, and the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association.~~

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